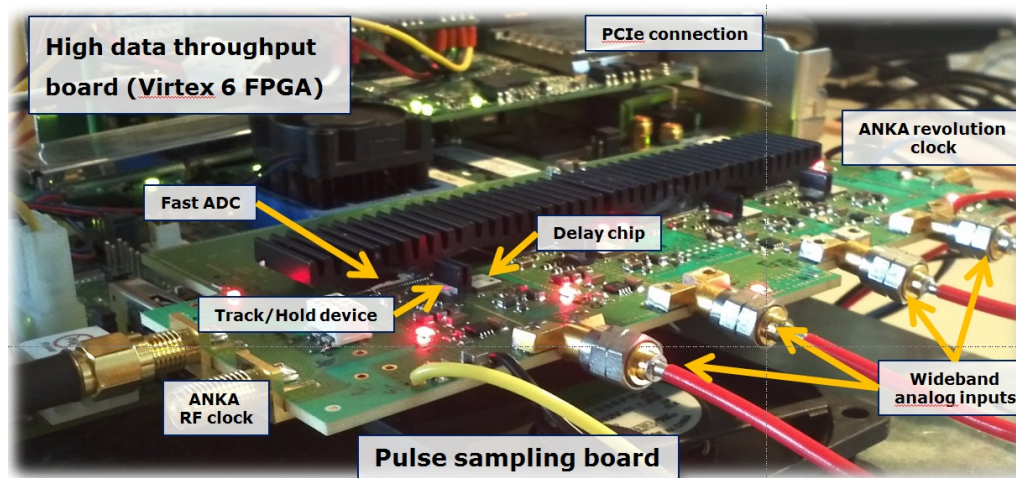
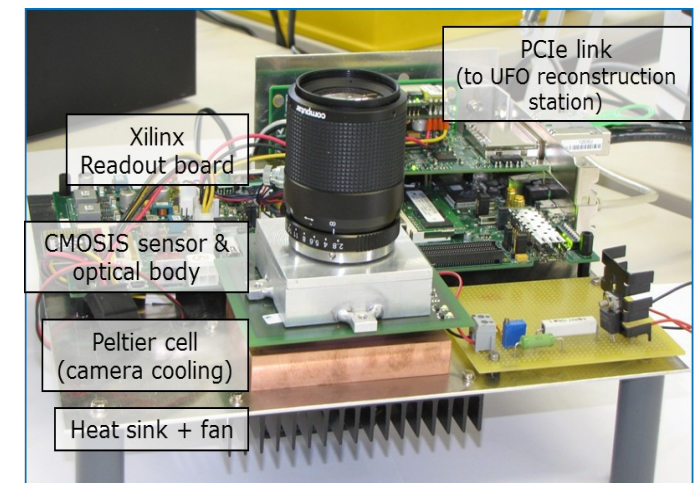


*S. Chilingaryan, M. Caselle, T. Dritschler, T. Farago,
A. Kopmann, U. Stevanovic, M. Vogelgesang*

Hardware, Software, and Network Organization



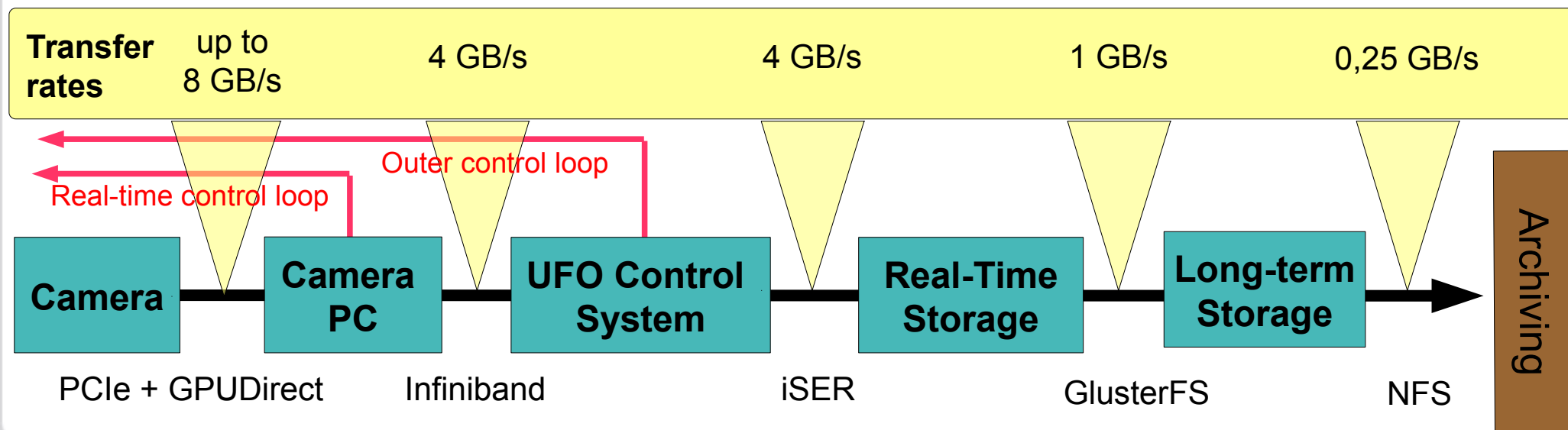
Picosecond Sampling Electronics for
Terahertz Synchrotron Radiation



Prototype of Streaming PCIe
Camera Developed in house

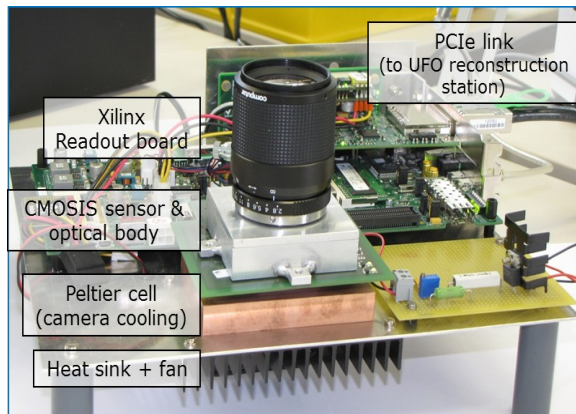
Requirements

- **Handling of Sensors with data rates up to ~ 8 GB/s (8-12 bit)**
- **Real-time control loop based on 2D Images + Online compression**
 - In-flow 8 GB/s, unpacked up to 16 GB/s (16 bit)
- **Slow control loop based on 3D Tomographic Images**
 - In-flow 4 GB/s, unpacked 32 GB/s (single-precision floating-point)
- **Raw data storage at full speed, i.e. 4 GB/s**
- **Long-term storage at 1 GB/s**
- **Integration with Tango Control System**
- **Low administrative effort**



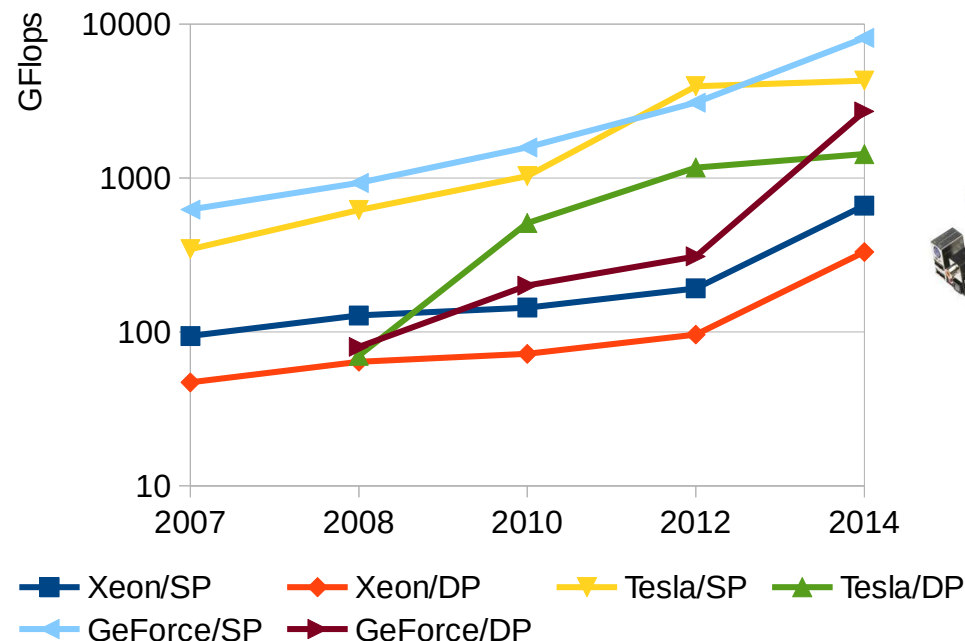
Concepts

- Programmable DAQ electronics with PCI-express interface
- Distributed control system based on Infiniband interconnects
- GPU-based computing
- Multiple levels of scalability
- Cheap off-the-shelf components



Prototype of Streaming
PCIe Camera
Developed in house

Poster FPI02



Historical trends of CPU and
GPU performance

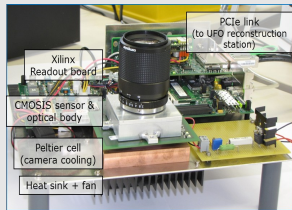


Easily scalable
Quad-SLI
35 Tflops
for ~ 5000 EUR

UFO Control Network

Control Room

Beam-line



PCIe x8
gen3

**Camera
Station**



Ethernet

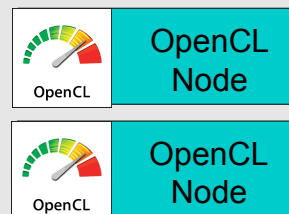


Infiniband
(Optical)

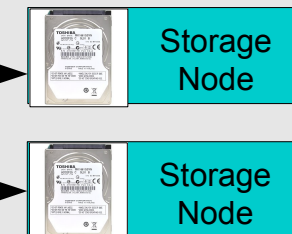
Master Server
(lots of memory)

10 Gig Ethernet

Infiniband
(Electrical)



IB router



Compute Center

Data Analysis Virtual Lab

Archive
Large Scale Data Facility

Scalable Control Network

Talks on Data Analysis Lab:

WCO202

FCO202

Master Server

Cameras



Internal
PCO.edge
PCO.dimax
....

FDR Infiniband

56 Gbit/s



Ethernet

10 Gb/s

Storage

LSDF

Large Scale Data Facility

SuperMicro 7047GR-TRF (Intel C602 Chipset)

CPU: 2 x Xeon E5-2680v2 (total 20 cores at 2.8 Ghz)

GPUs: 7 x NVIDIA GTX Titan

Memory: 256 GB (512GB max)

Network: Intel 82598EB (10 Gb/s)

Infiniband: 2 x Mellanox ConnectX-3 VPI

Storage: Areca ARC-1880-ix-12 SAS Raid

8 x Samsung 840 Pro 510 (Raid0)

- High amount of memory
- Fast SSD-based Raid for overflow data

Master Server

Cameras



FDR Infiniband

56 Gbit/s

Internal
PCO.edge
PCO.dimax
....



Ethernet

10 Gb/s

Storage

LSDF

Large Scale Data Facility

External PCIe x16 (16 GB/s)

SFF8088 (2.4 GB/s)



SuperMicro 7047GR-TRF (Intel C602 Chipset)

CPU: 2 x Xeon E5-2680v2 (total 20 cores at 2.8 Ghz)

GPUs: 7 x NVIDIA GTX Titan

Memory: 256 GB (512GB max)

Network: Intel 82598EB (10 Gb/s)

Infiniband: 2 x Mellanox ConnectX-3 VPI

Storage: Areca ARC-1880-ix-12 SAS Raid

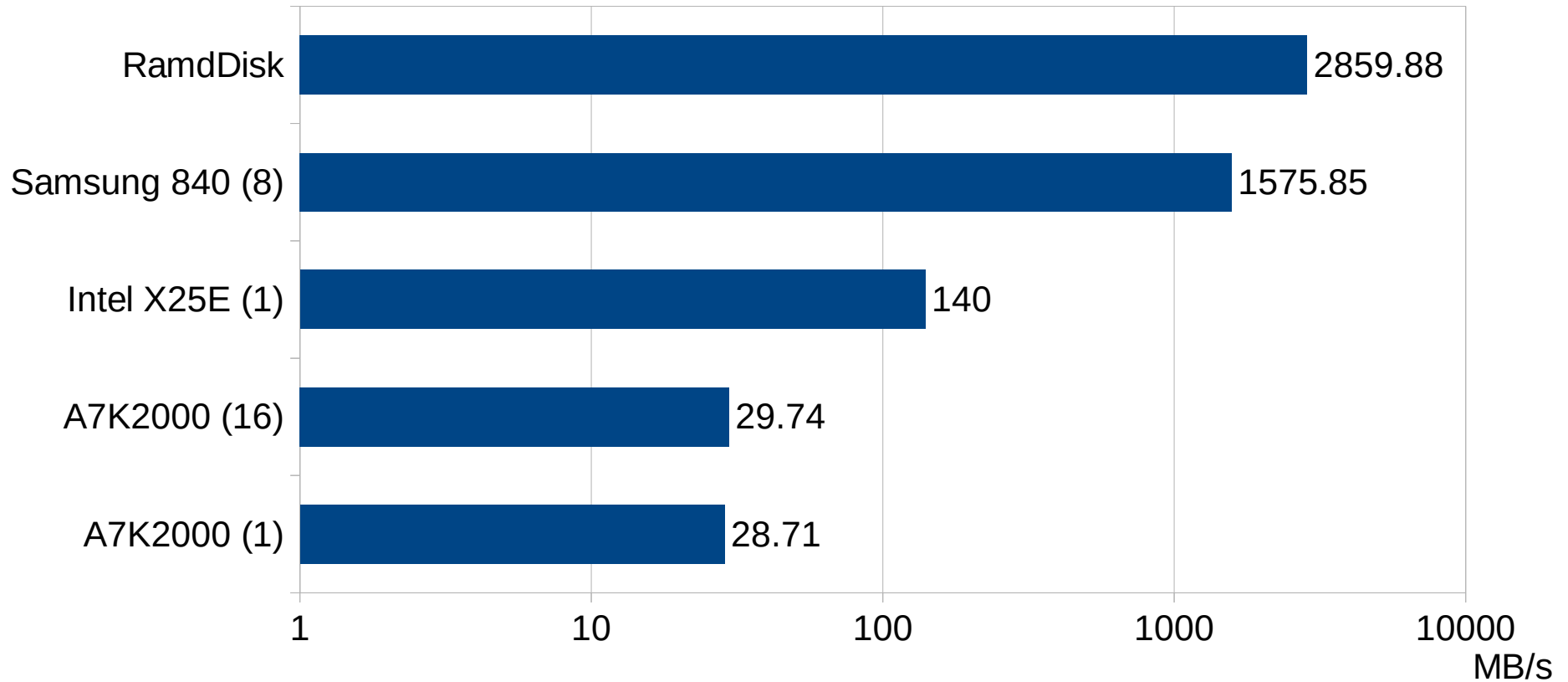
8 x Samsung 840 Pro 510 (Raid0)

16 x Hitachi A7K200 (Raid6)



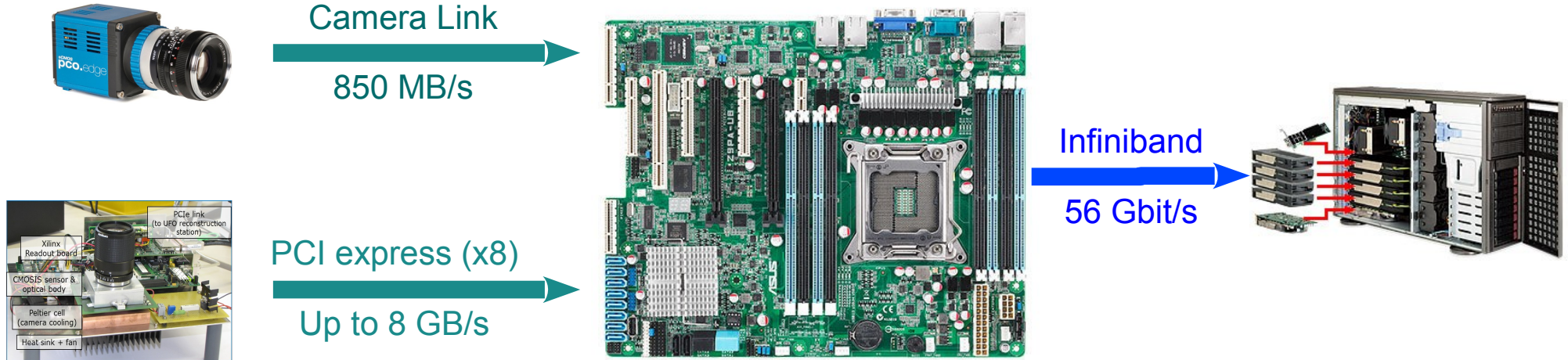
- High amount of memory
- Fast SSD-based Raid for overflow data
- Easy scalability with external PCI express and SAS

Caching large data sets



Using SSD drives may significantly increase random access performance to the data sets which are not fitting in memory completely. The big arrays of magnetic hard drives will not help unless multiple readers involved.

Camera Station



Asus Z9PA-U8 (Intel C602 Chipset)

CPU: Xeon E5-1620v2 (total 4 cores at 3.7 Ghz)

GPUs: NVIDIA GTX Titan

Memory: 32 GB (128GB max)

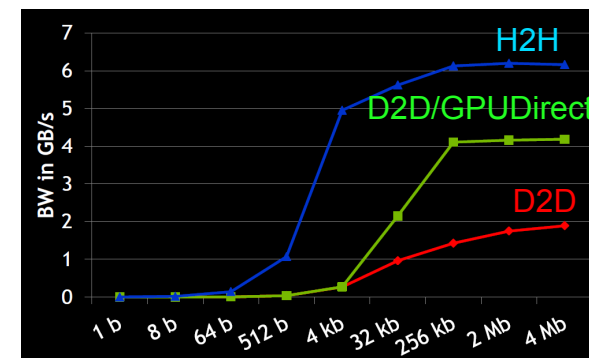
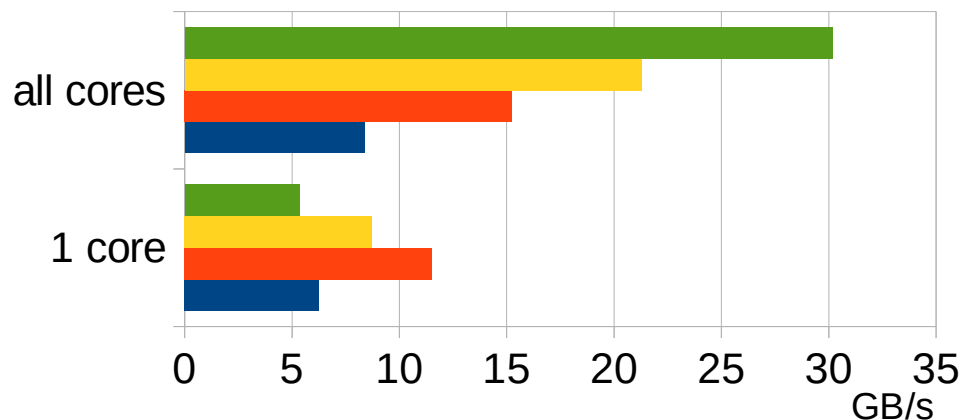
Infiniband: Mellanox ConnectX-3 VPI

- High-speed 4-channel memory
- IPMI-based remote control
- Optional fast SSD-based storage
- 4x high speed PCI express slots

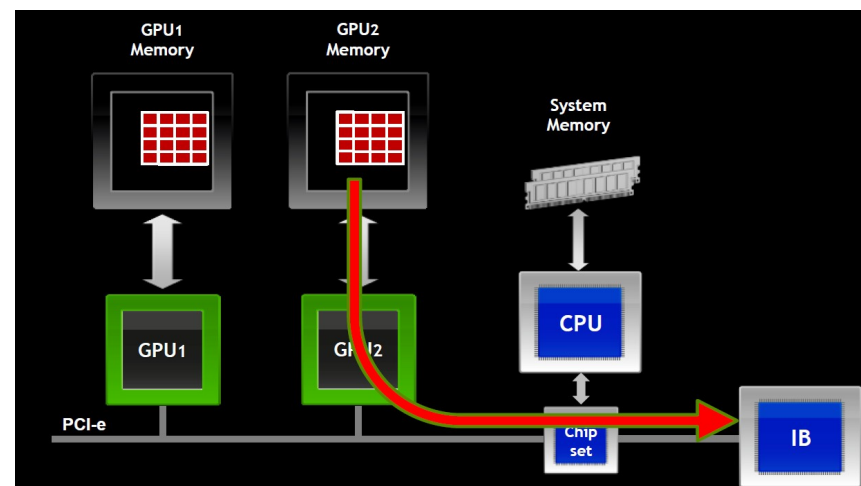
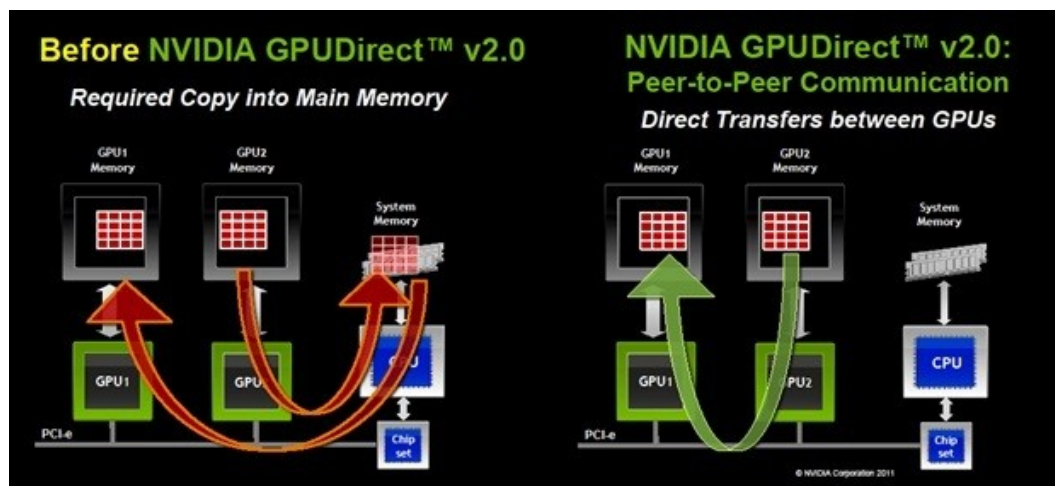
NVIDIA GPUDirect

memcpy performance

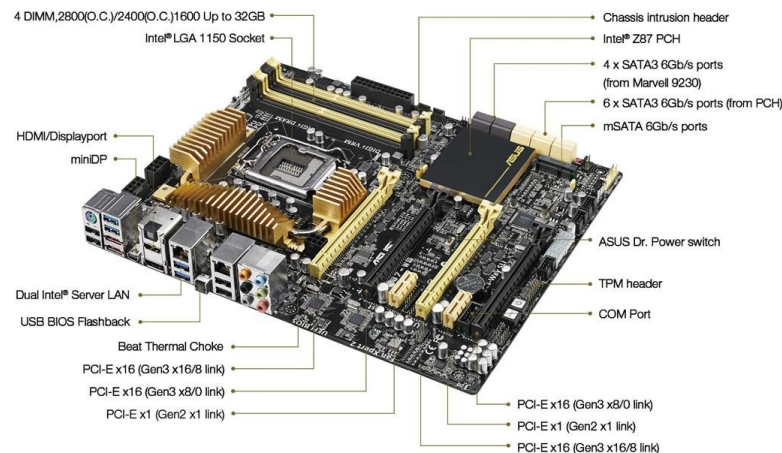
- Core i7 950
- Core i7-980X
- Core i7 3820
- 2 x E5-2640



MVAPICH2 1.9b throughput



Direct communication between GPUs, Network, and other devices on PCI express bus



Asus Z87-WS (Intel Z87 PCH Chipset)

CPU: Core i5-4670 (total 4 cores at 3.4 Ghz)

GPUs: 3 x NVIDIA GTX Titan

Infiniband: Mellanox ConnectX-3 VPI

Memory: 16 GB (32GB max)

NVIDIA GTX Titan

Memory: 6 GB at 288 GB/s

Single-precision Gflops: 4500

Double-precision Gflops: 1500



- 4-Way SLI
- Low Price

Storage Protocols

Network FS

NFS
Samba
SSHFS

Slow

Cluster FS

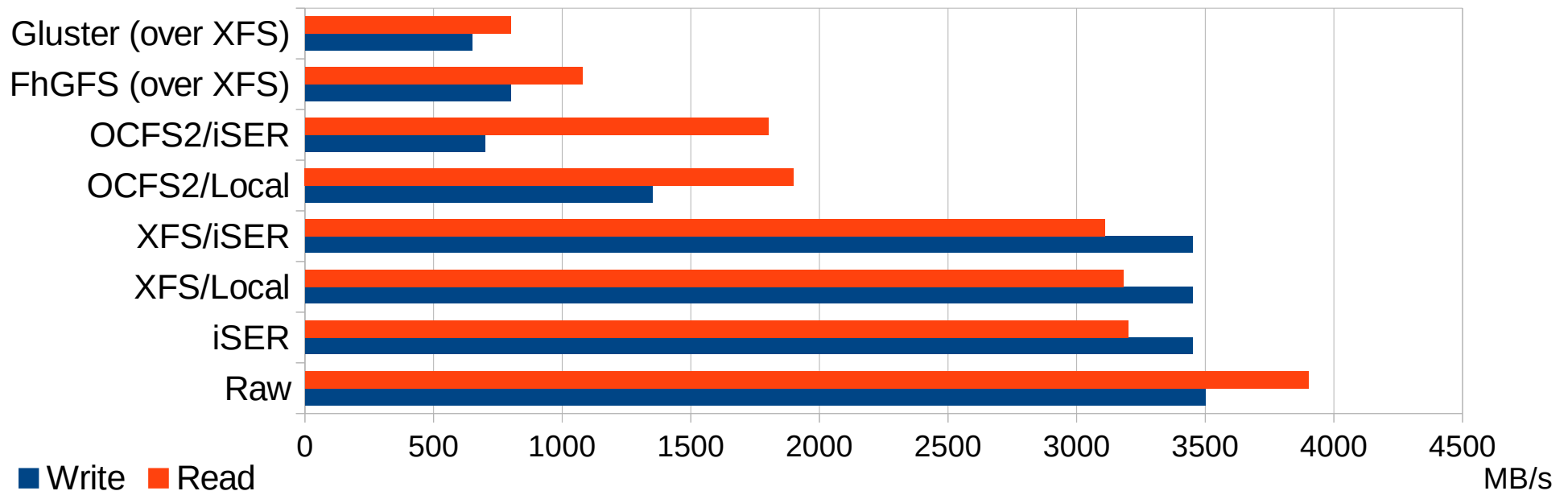
Lustre (patched kernel)
Gluster
FhGFS (close-sourced)

Slow if few nodes

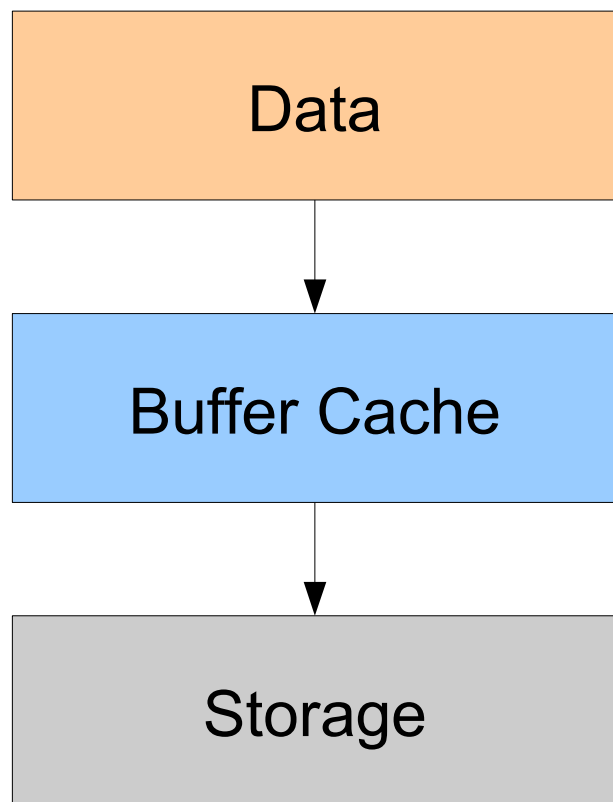
Network Devices

iSCSI (slow)
iSER

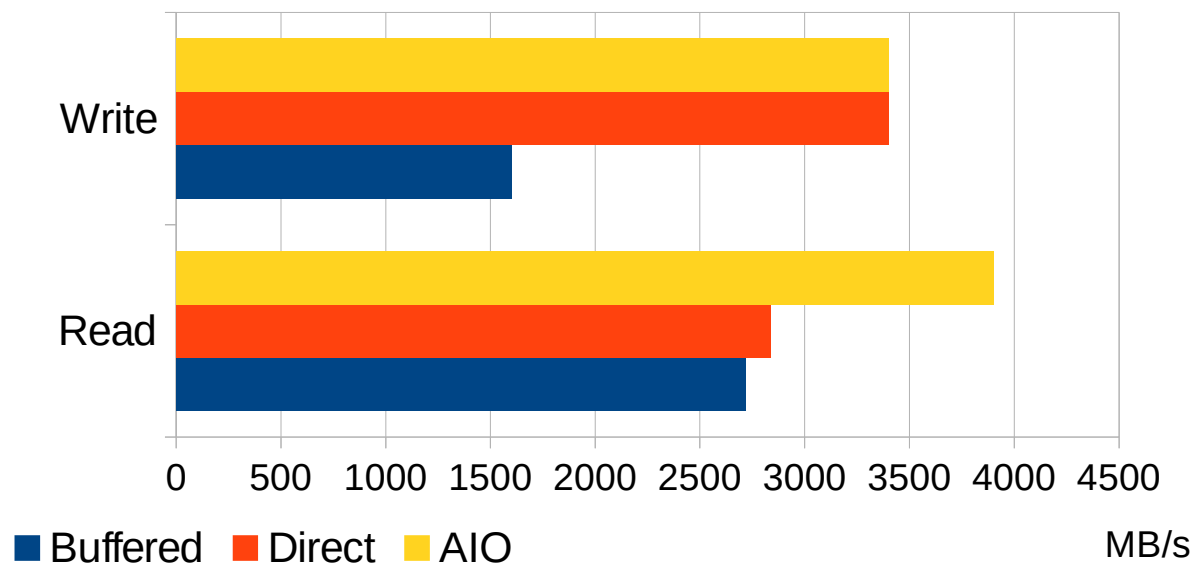
OCFS2



Handling High-speed Storage



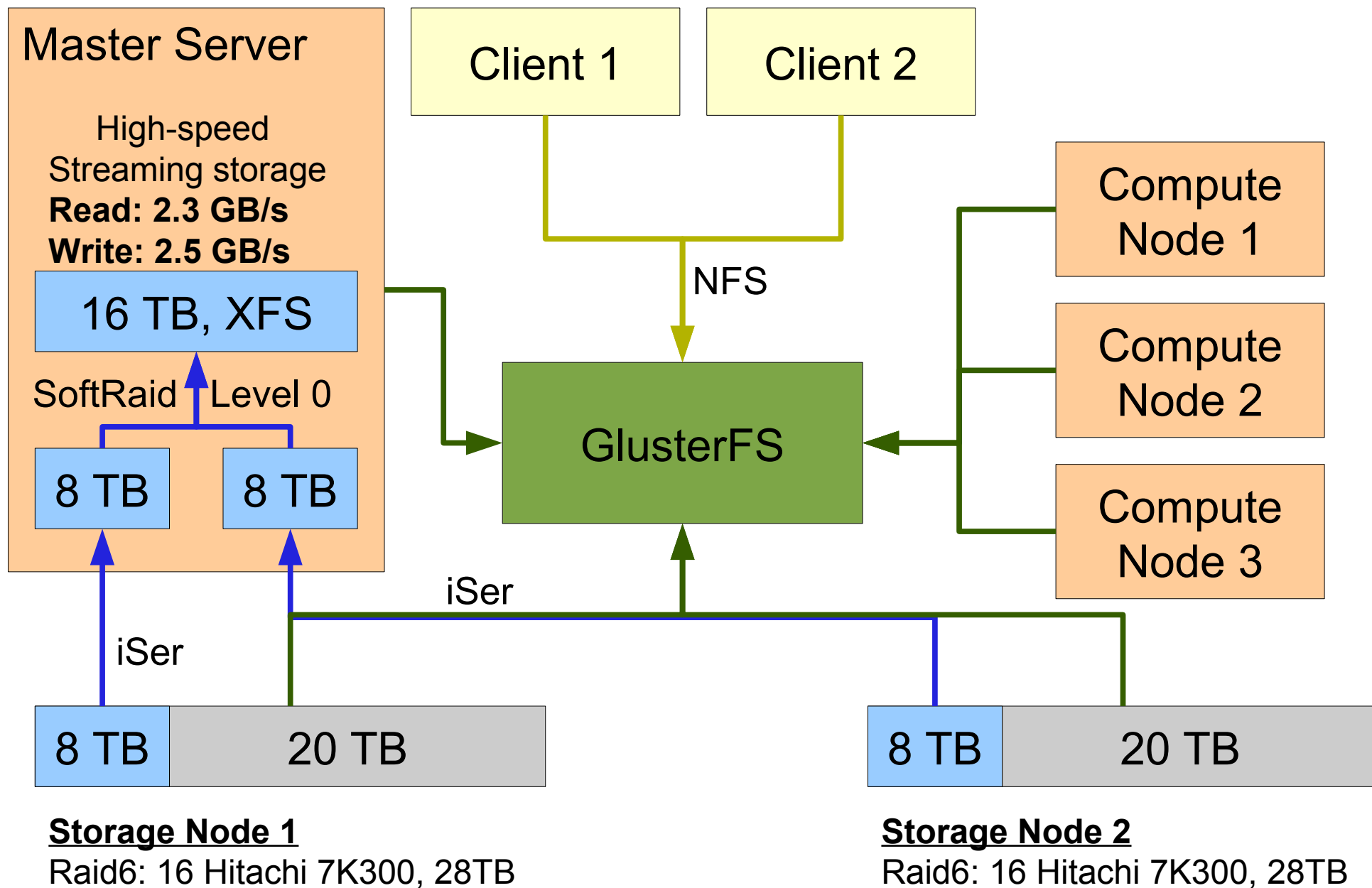
Default data flow in Linux



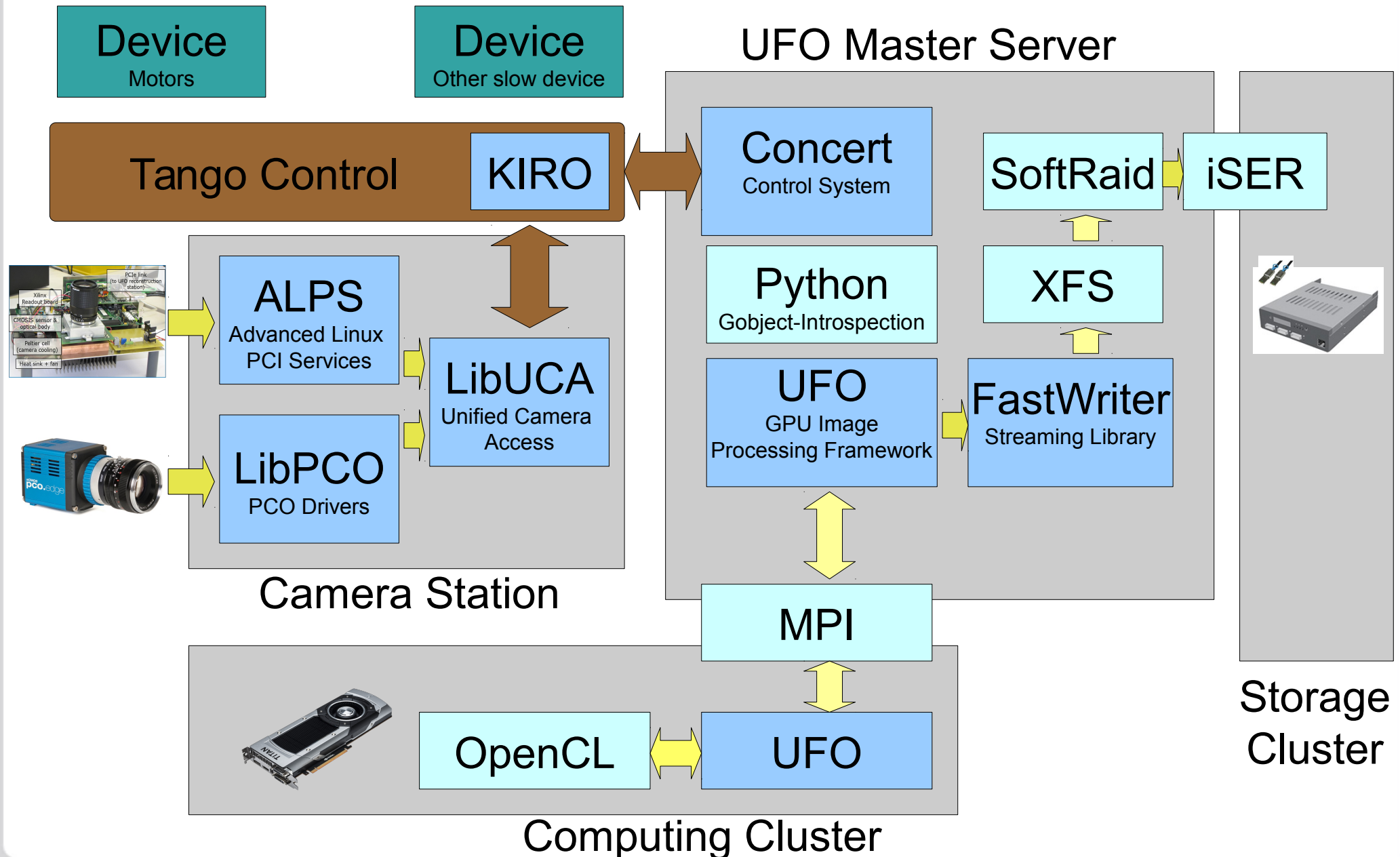
- ▶ Buffer cache significantly limits maximal write performance
- ▶ Kernel AIO may be used to program IO scheduler to issue read requests without delays

Optimizing I/O for maximum streaming performance using a single data source/receiver

UFO Storage Subsystem



Software Stack

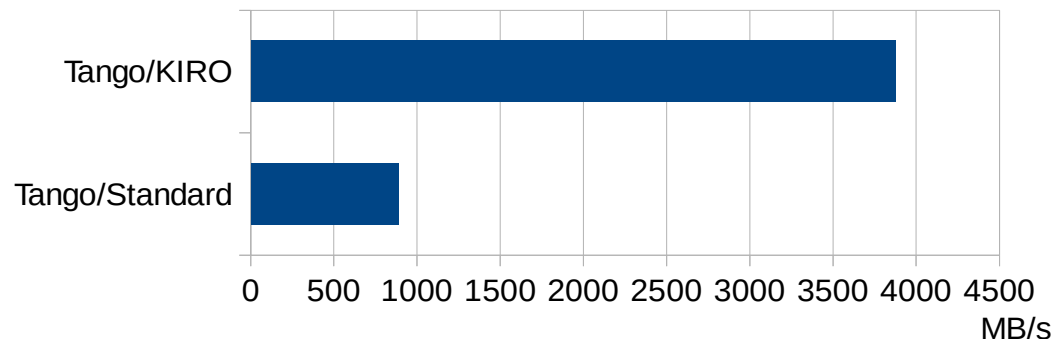


KIRO: Integration with Tango

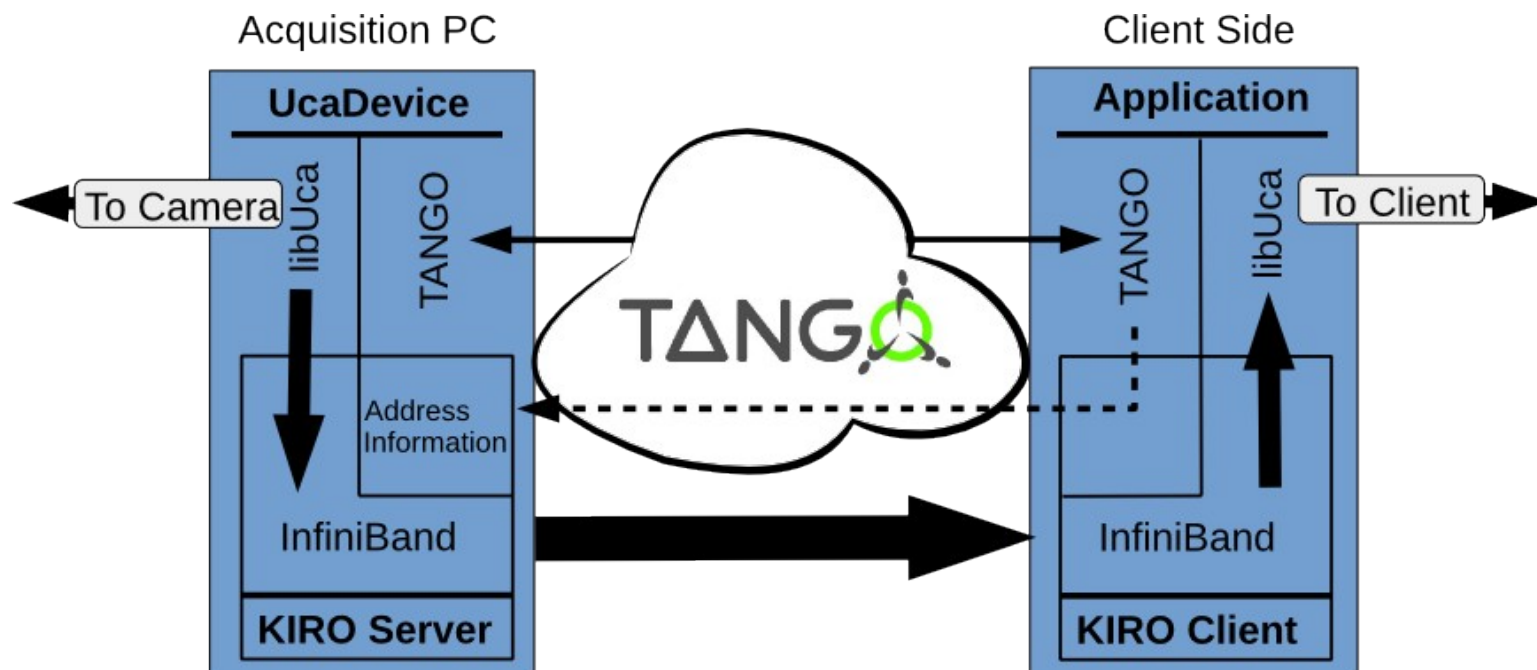
Tango over Corba over TCP over Infiniband is slow

Poster FPI01

Using InfiniBand for High-Throughput
Data Acquisition in a TANGO Environment



KIRO Architecture



Summary

- Only easy to get off-the-shelf components are used
- Our architecture can be easily scaled from a single PC to the cluster with performance in hundreds of teraflops.
- The reliable storage for data streaming with rates over 3 GB/s can be easily build based on 1 – 2 low-end servers.
- The electronic components can be distributed over large area and connected with high-speed using Optical Infiniband links.
- The provided software stack allows easily integrate new devices and processing algorithms.
- The Tango control system is extended to support high-speed communication over Infiniband

Check related talks and posters:

Poster FPI01

Using InfiniBand for High-Throughput
Data Acquisition in a TANGO Environment

WCO202

Data Management at the
Synchrotron Radiation Facility ANKA

Poster FPI02

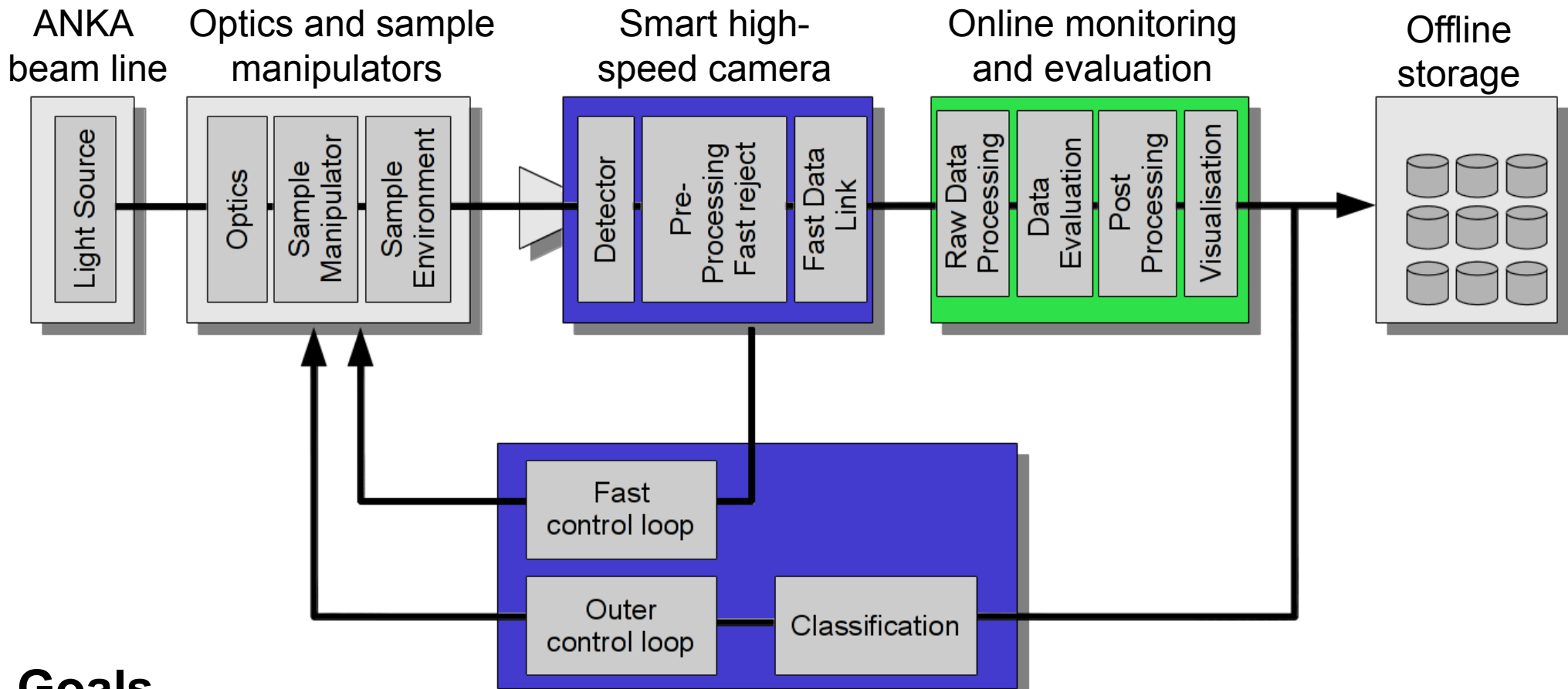
Picosecond Sampling Electronics for
Terahertz Synchrotron Radiation

FCO202

OpenGL-Based Data Analysis in
Virtualized Self-Service Environments

Extra Slides

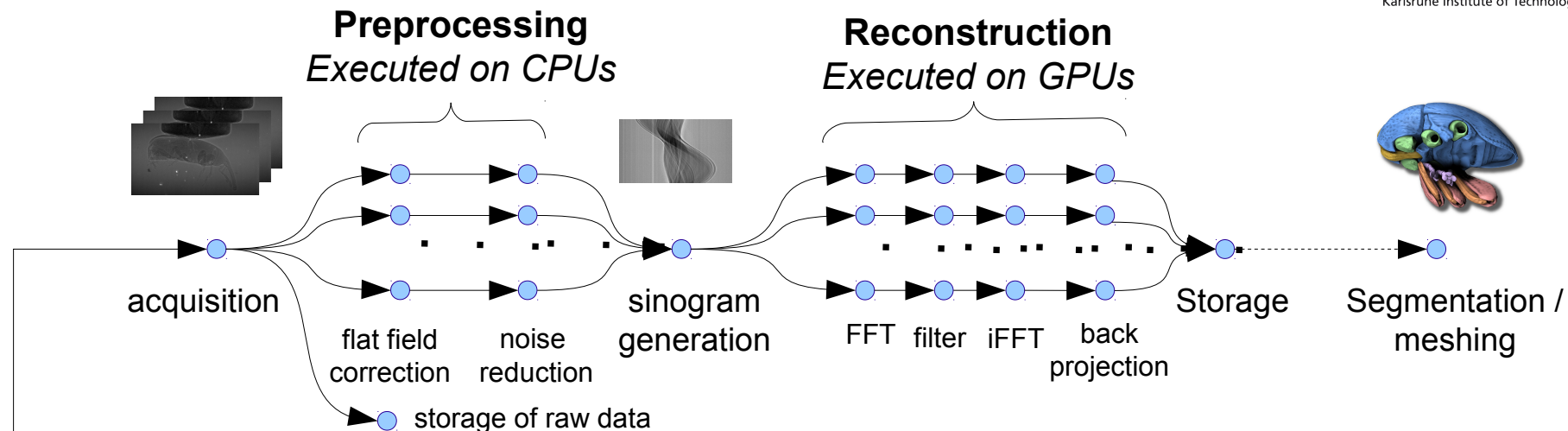
UFO *Ultra Fast X-ray Imaging of Scientific Processes with On-Line Assessment and Data-Driven Process Control*



Goals

- ▶ High speed tomography
- ▶ Increase sample throughput
- ▶ Tomography of temporal processes
- ▶ Allow interactive quality assessment
- ▶ Enable data driven control
 - ▶ Auto-tuning optical system
 - ▶ Tracking dynamic processes
 - ▶ Finding area of interest

UFO Image Processing Framework



OpenSource
<http://ufo.kit.edu>

Features

- Easy Algorithm Exchange
- Camera Abstraction
- Pipelined Processing
- Glib/GObject, scripting language support with introspection
- OpenCL + automated management of OpenCL buffers

Filters

Tomography & Laminography

FBP, DFI, Algebraic Methods

Non Local Means for Noise Reduction

Optical Flow

Scripting

Bash, Perl, Ruby, Python

LabVIEW

Control System Integration

pcitool

Command-line tool

GUI

Python/GTK User Interface

Web Service

Remote Programming API

Event Engine

IPE Camera

DMA Engine

Northwest Logic DMA

Register Access

XML Register List + Dynamic Registration API

PCI Memory Access

Plain and FIFO

Access Serialization,
Software Registers

DMA Memory
Mapping

IRQ
Handling

Driver Access

Layer Small & Easy to Maintain



PCI / PCI Express Board

(Variety of FPGA Boards: KIT Camera, etc)

