

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



Thomas Schietinger :: Paul Scherrer Institute  
for the SwissFEL team

## SwissFEL Status and Plans

67th ICFA Advanced Beam Dynamics Workshop on Future Light Sources, 28 August 2023



- SwissFEL in a nutshell
  - Key systems
  - Experimental stations
  - Timeline
- Operation and performance in 2022/23
- Recent experimental highlight
- Status of special FEL modes
- Athos seed laser upgrade (EEHG)
- Outlook:
  - Mid-term improvements
  - Long-term upgrade: Porthos beamline



# SwissFEL: The Big Picture

## Athos upgrades:

ESASE:  $\lambda_{\text{seed}} = 267/400/800 \text{ nm}$

EEHG:  $\lambda_{\text{seed}} = 267 \text{ nm}$

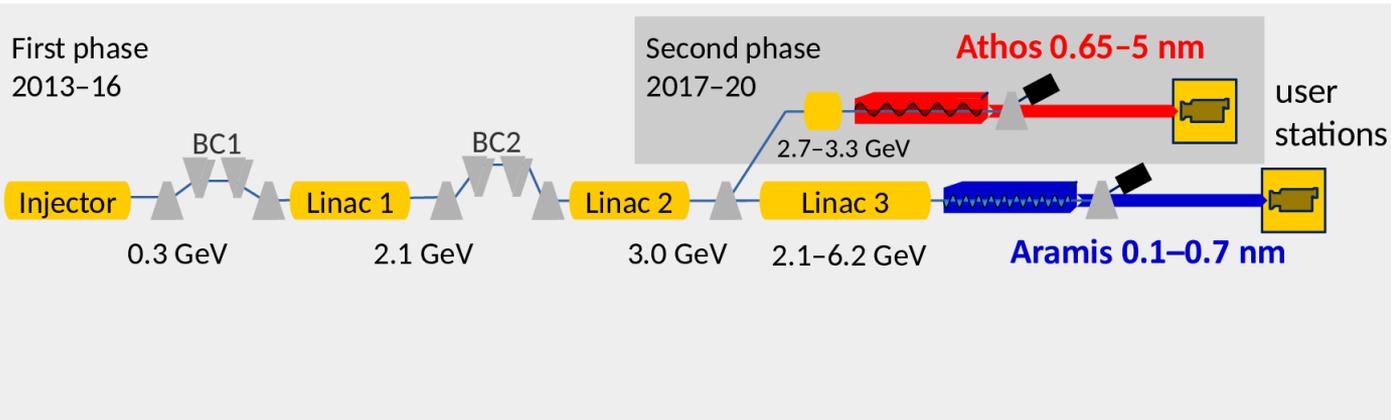
Commissioning 2022-24

## Athos:

Soft X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.65\text{--}5.0 \text{ nm}$

Variable polarization, APPLE-X undulators

First users 2021



## Linac:

Pulse duration : 1-20 fs

Electron energy : up to 6.2 GeV

Electron bunch charge: 10-200 pC

Repetition rate: 100 Hz, 2 bunches

## Aramis:

Hard X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.1\text{--}0.7 \text{ nm}$

Linear polarization, in-vacuum,  
variable-gap undulators

First users 2018



# SwissFEL: The Big Picture

## Athos upgrades:

ESASE:  $\lambda_{\text{seed}} = 267/400/800 \text{ nm}$

EEHG:  $\lambda_{\text{seed}} = 267 \text{ nm}$

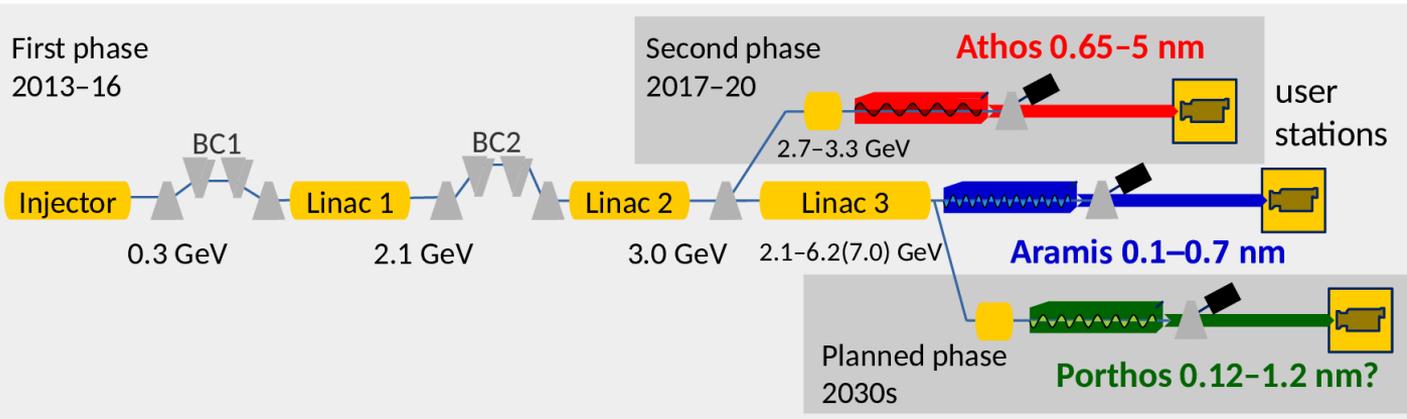
Commissioning 2022-24

## Athos:

Soft X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.65\text{--}5.0 \text{ nm}$

Variable polarization, APPLE-X undulators

First users 2021



## Linac:

Pulse duration : 1-20 fs

Electron energy : up to 6.2 GeV  
(7 GeV after upgrade)

Electron bunch charge: 10-200 pC

Repetition rate: 100 Hz, 2 bunches  
(3 bunches after upgrade)

## Aramis:

Hard X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.1\text{--}0.7 \text{ nm}$

Linear polarization, in-vacuum,  
variable-gap undulators

First users 2018

## Porthos:

Hard X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.12\text{--}1.2 \text{ nm}$

Variable-polarization undulators  
(technology to be decided)

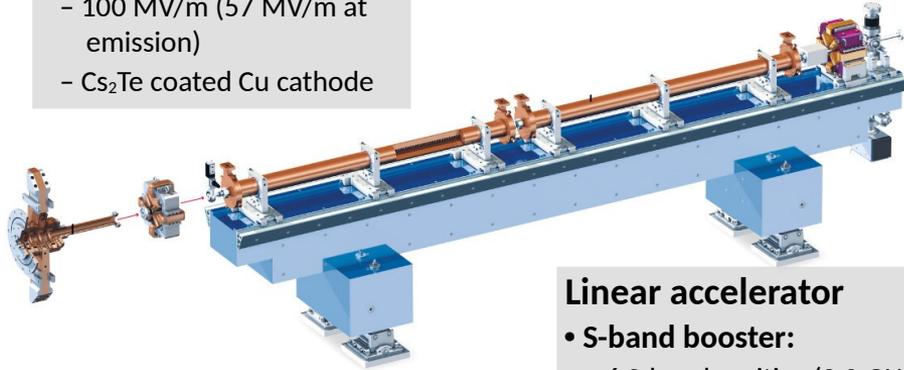
Construction: 2030s



## Electron source

### • RF gun:

- 2.6-cell S-band gun
- 100 MV/m (57 MV/m at emission)
- Cs<sub>2</sub>Te coated Cu cathode



### • Gun laser systems:

- Two identical solid state Yb:CaF<sub>2</sub> chirped pulsed amplifier with excellent stability and uptime.
- Cs<sub>2</sub>Te cathode installed since 2019 with stable performance

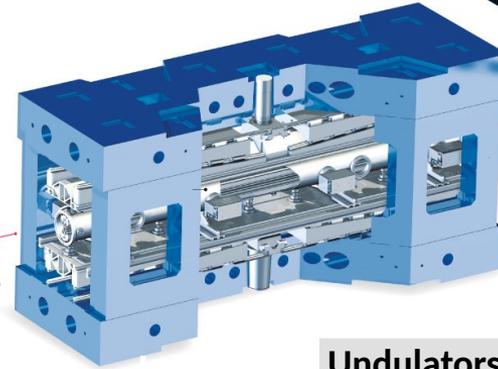
## Linear accelerator

### • S-band booster:

- 6 S-band cavities (3.0 GHz)
- 80 MeV per cavity (20 MV/m)

### • C-band linac:

- 27 C-band modules (5.7 GHz)
- Four 2-m cavities per module
- Barrel Open Cavity (BOC) RF pulse compressors
- 240 MeV per station (30 MV/m)



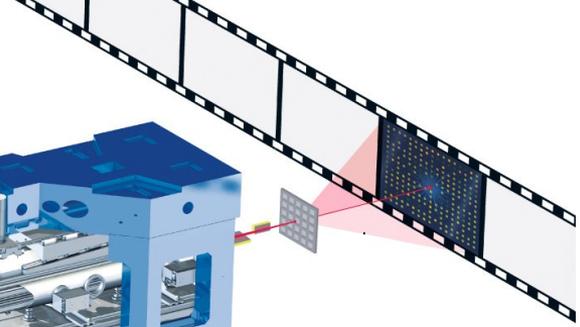
## Undulators

### • Hard X-ray (Aramis U15):

- 13 modules, each 4 m long
- Planar in-vacuum design
- 265 × 15 mm periods
- NdFeB magnets, CoFe poles, 1.3 T

### • Soft X-ray (Athos U38):

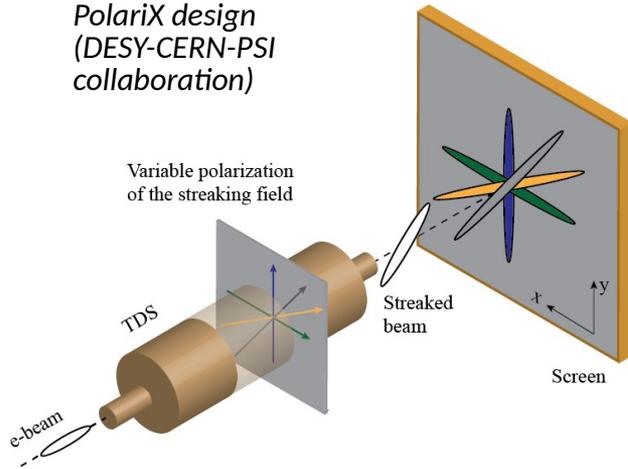
- 16 modules, each 2 m long
- Apple-X design
- 50 × 38 mm periods
- SmCo magnets, 1.1 T
- Magnetic chicanes between modules ("CHIC")



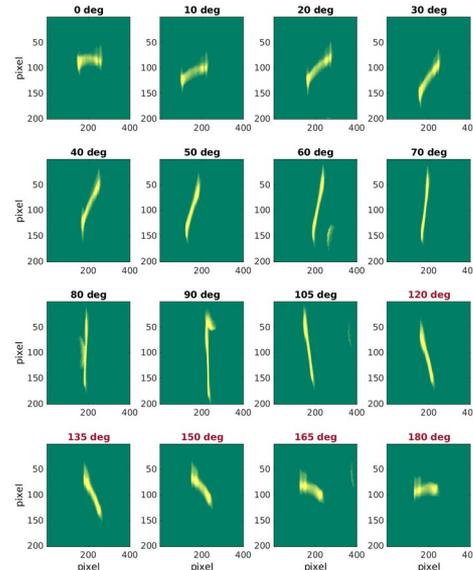
# Transverse deflecting cavities for Athos

- Two X-band transverse deflecting RF cavities installed for post-undulator diagnostics in Athos
- Available since June 2022 (last major component of the SwissFEL baseline design!)
- Resolution below 1 fs demonstrated.
- Essential for setup of many Athos modes!

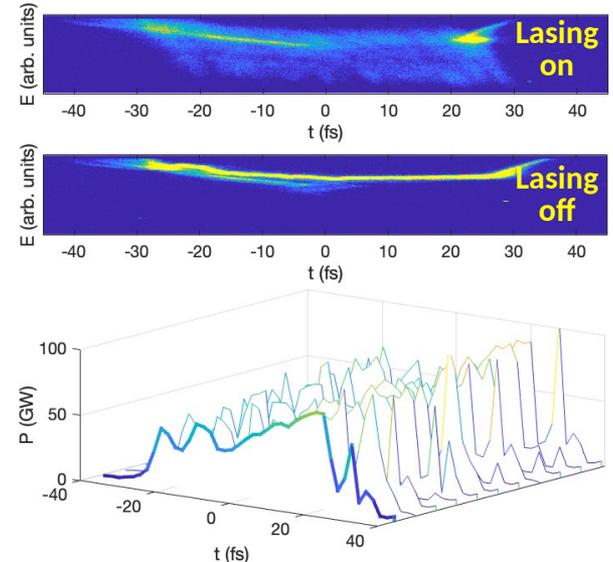
*PolariX design  
(DESY-CERN-PSI  
collaboration)*



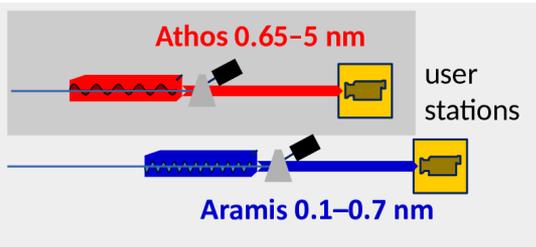
*Streaking at arbitrary angles*



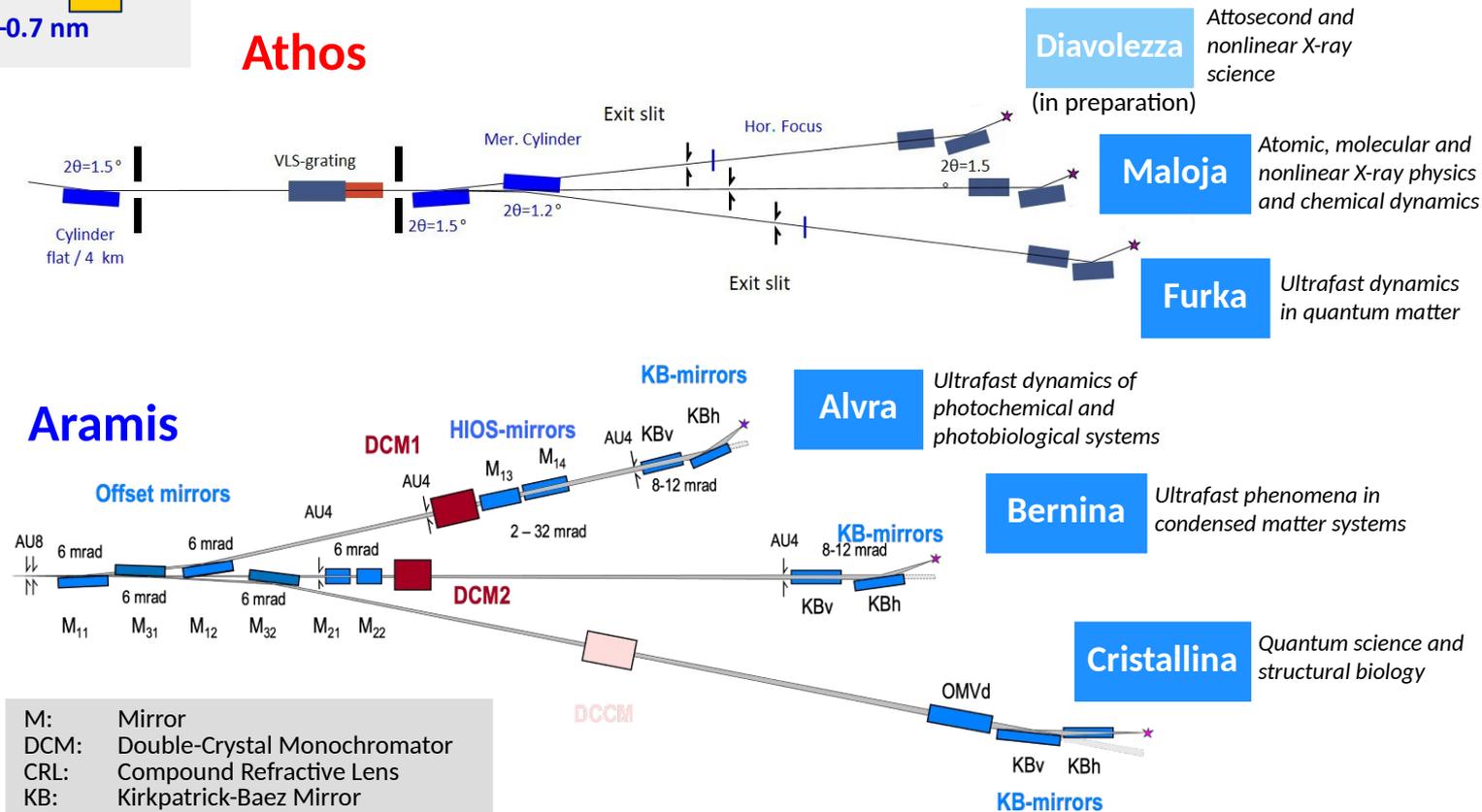
*Horizontally streaked beam in vertically dispersive beam dump section:  
FEL power profile reconstruction!*



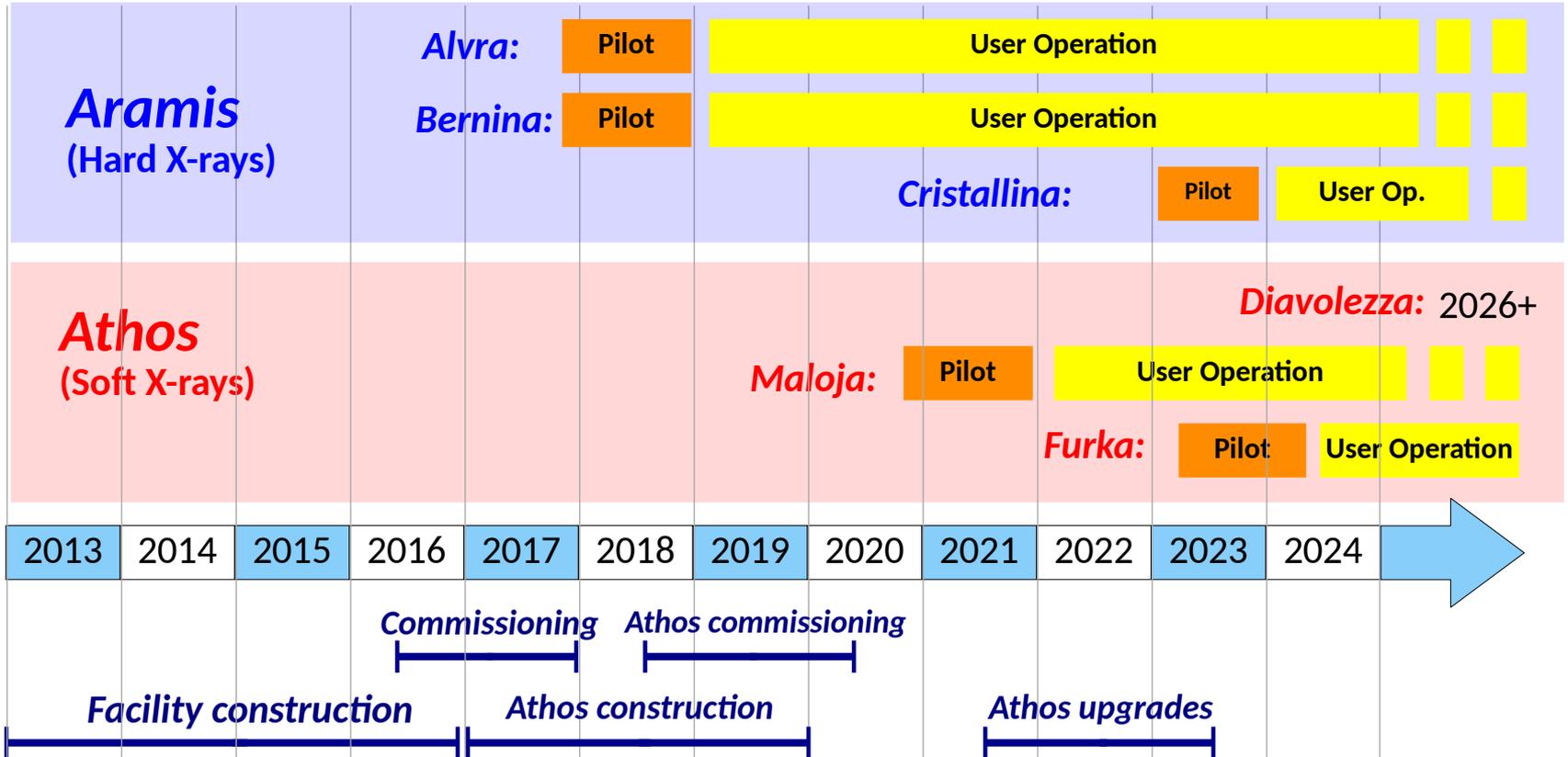
# SwissFEL experimental stations



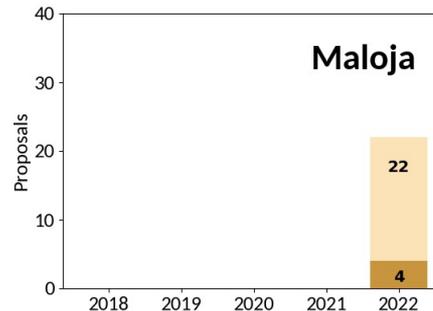
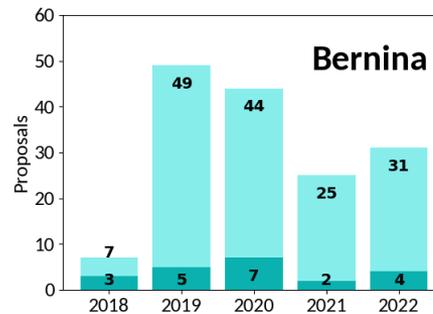
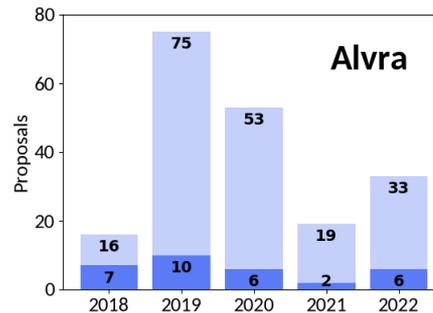
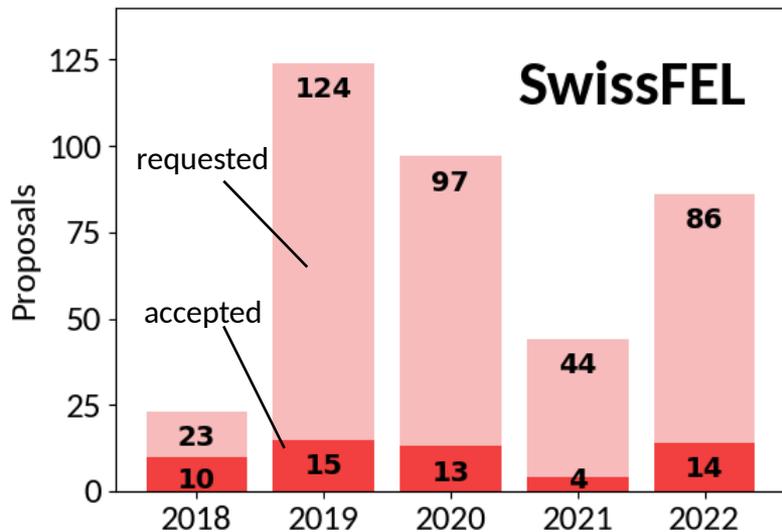
Experimental stations are named after Swiss passes



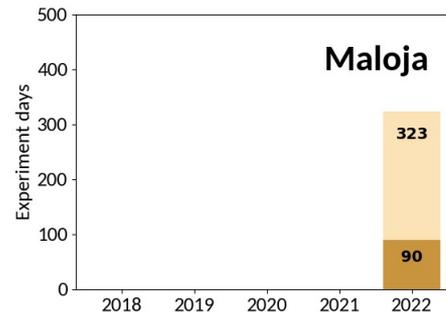
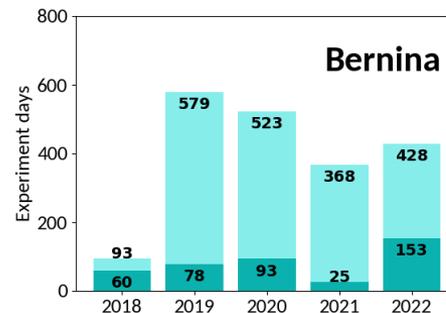
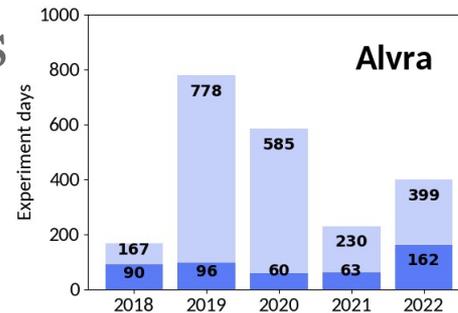
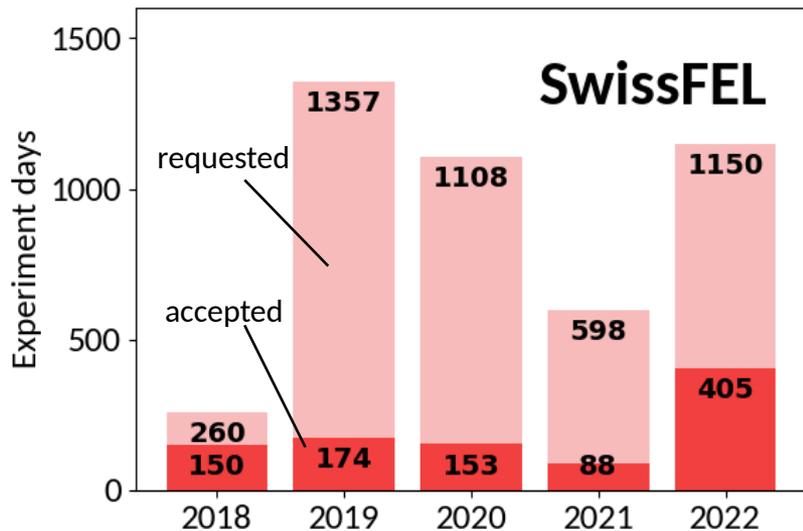
# SwissFEL timeline



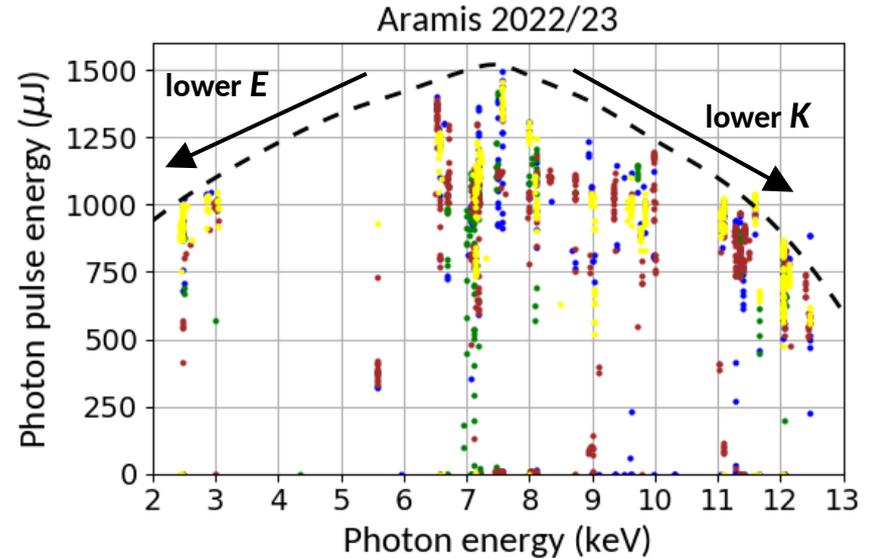
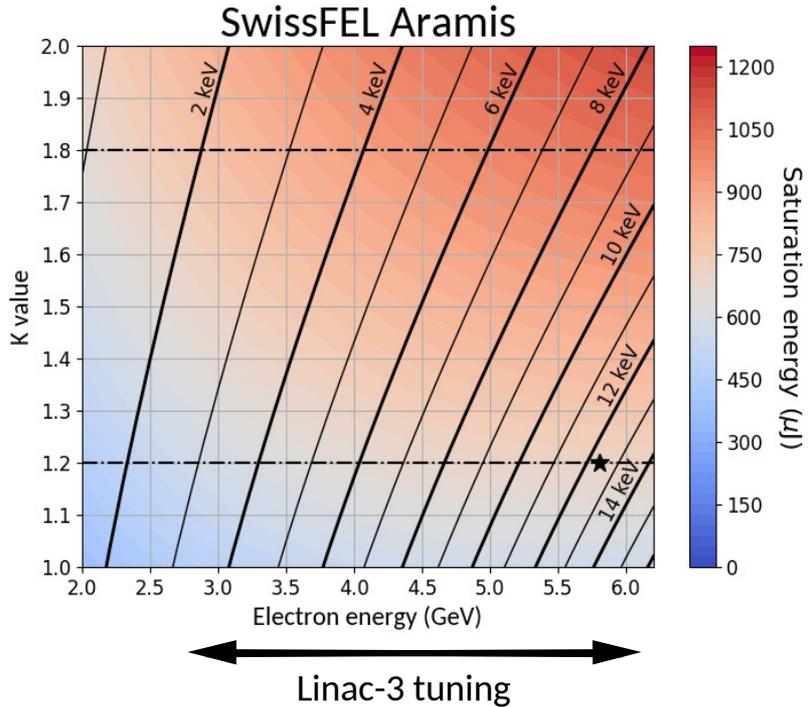
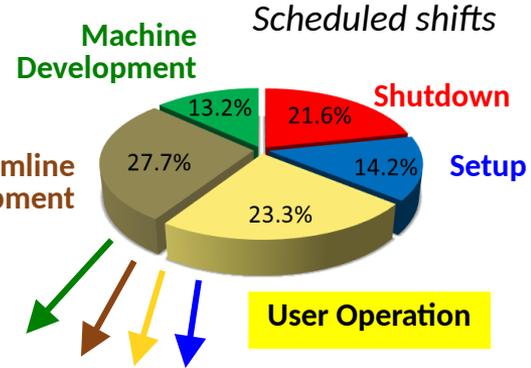
# SwissFEL proposals



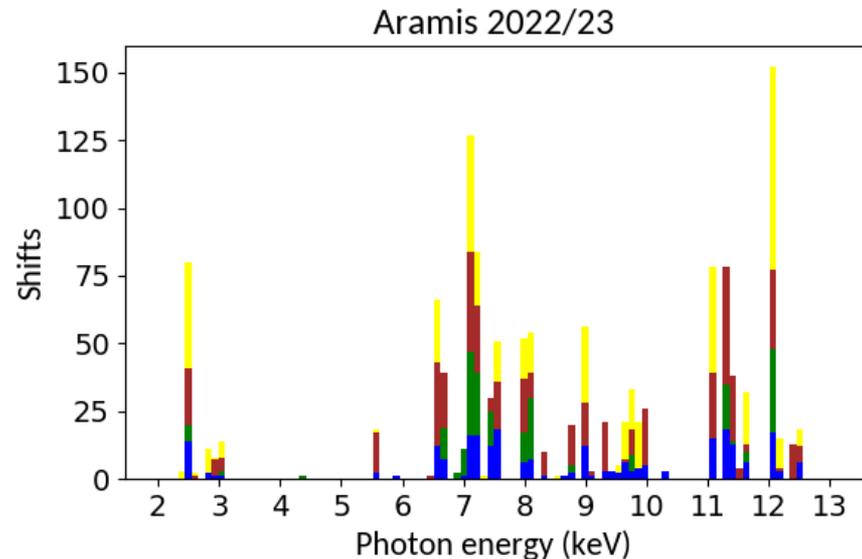
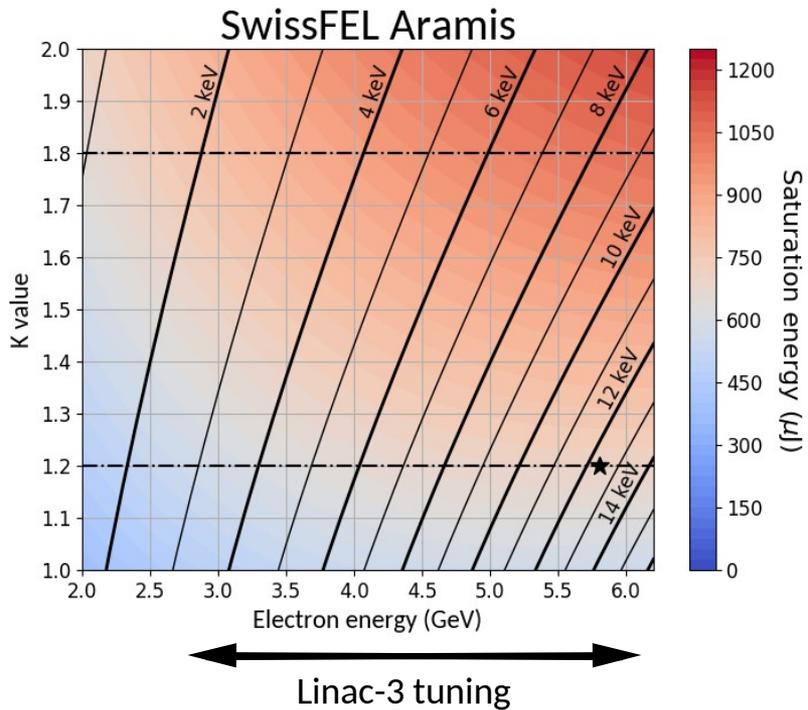
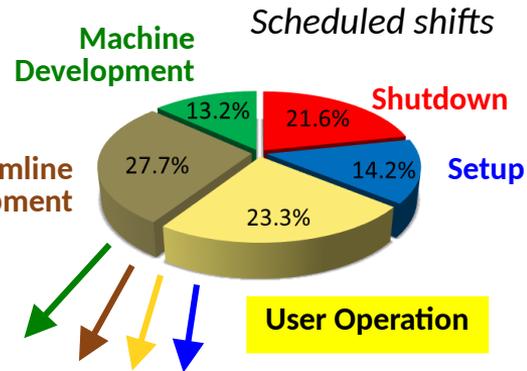
# SwissFEL experiment days



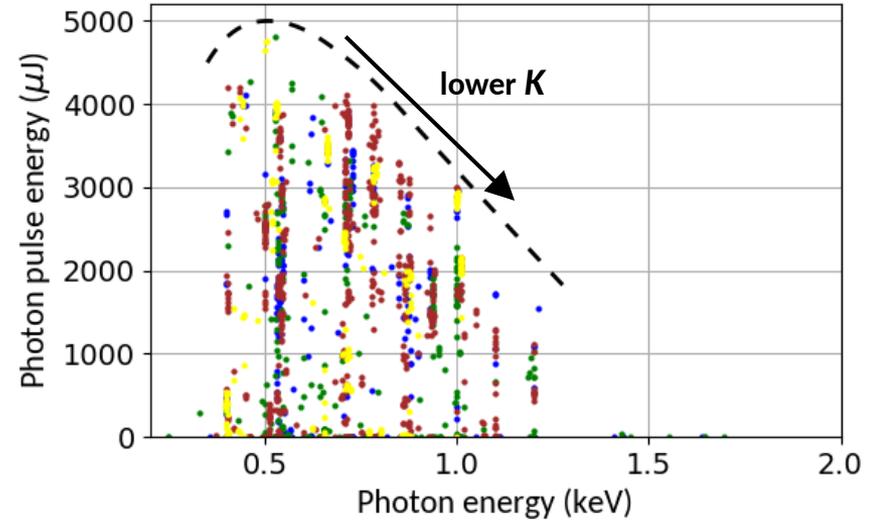
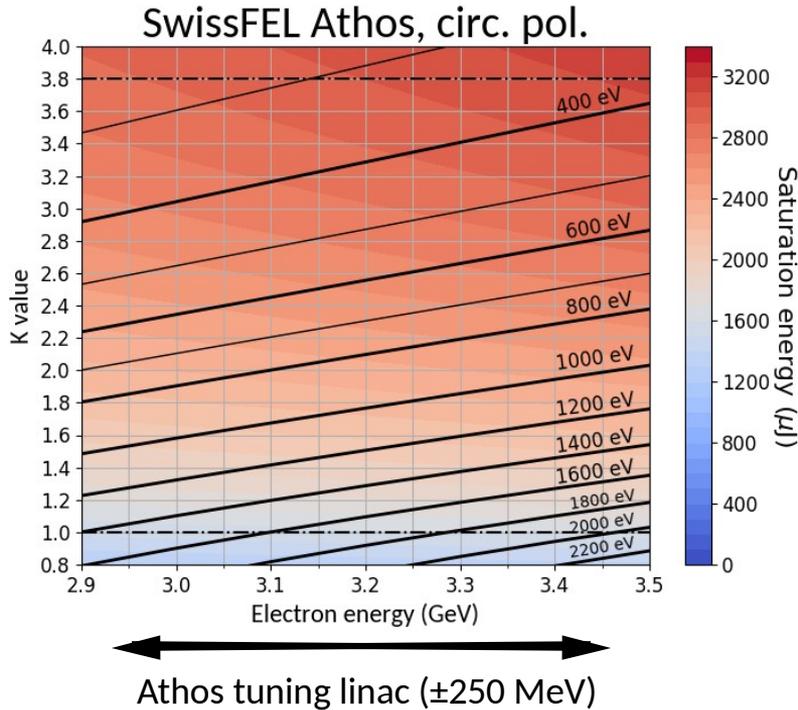
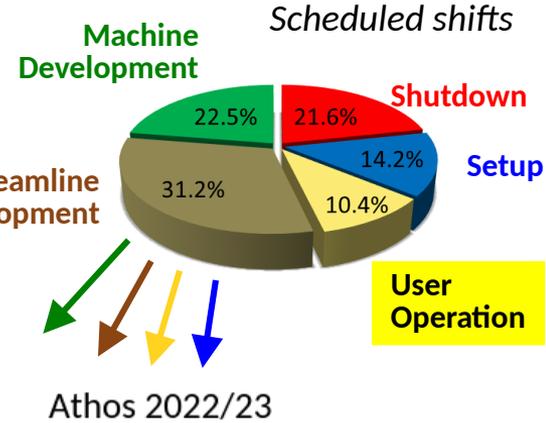
# Aramis operation (1.8–12.4 keV)



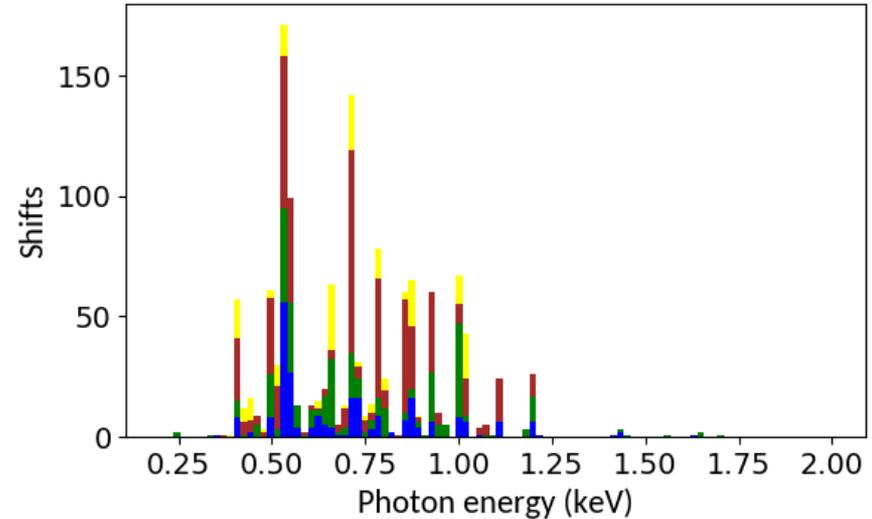
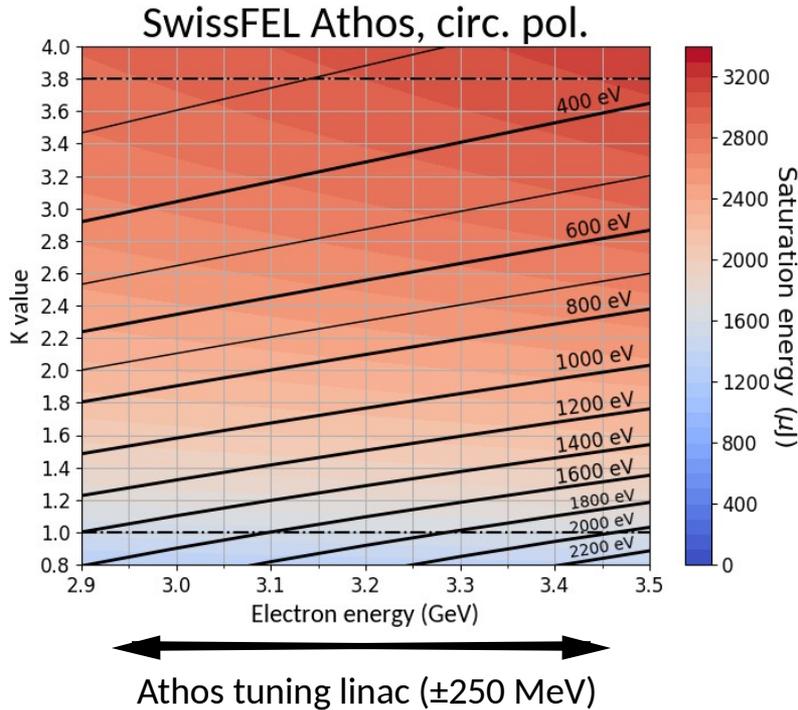
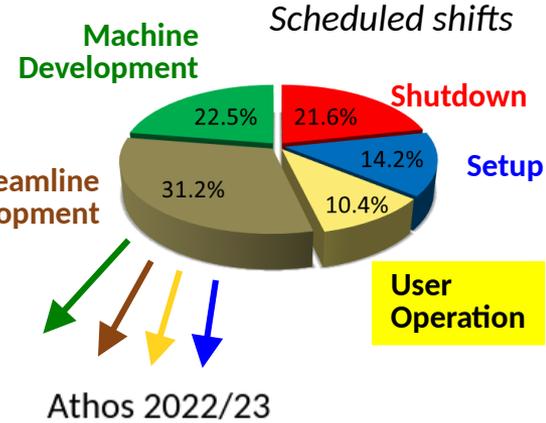
# Aramis operation (1.8–12.4 keV)



# Athos operation (0.26–1.9 keV)



# Athos operation (0.26–1.9 keV)



Alvra

nature

Article

## Ultrafast structural changes direct the first molecular events of vision

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-023-05863-6>

Received: 2 April 2022

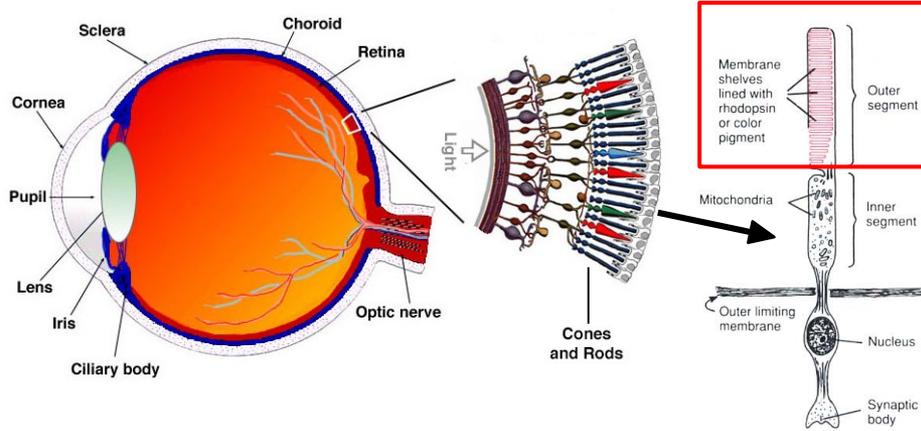
Accepted: 17 February 2023

Published online: 22 March 2023

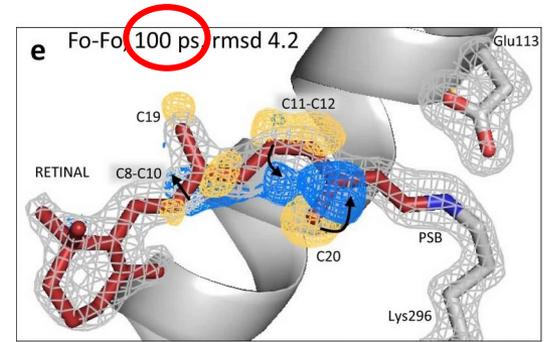
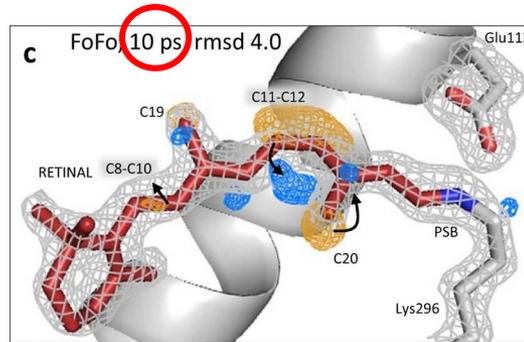
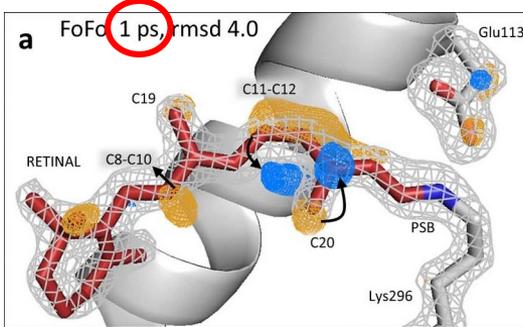
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Inside the rod cells (outer segment):



T. Gruhl et al., Nature 615 (2023) 939–944

# Aramis advanced modes – overview

**Short pulses ✓**  
(beam tilt)

**Large bandwidth mode ✓**  
(large energy chirp from linac wakefields)

**“Attosecond” pulses ✓**  
(three-stage compression)



**Large bandwidth mode with spatial chirp ✓**  
(additional spatial chirp from dispersion in undulator)

**✓ ready for experiments!**

# Athos advanced modes – overview

**not yet attempted**  
**in commissioning**  
✓ **ready for experiments!**

**(Optical klystron) ✓**

**Short pulses ✓**  
*(beam tilt)*

**Variable polarization ✓**

**Large bandwidth**  
*(energy chirp)*

**Two-color with fresh slices ✓**

**Ultralarge bandwidth**  
*(TGU)*

**Short-pulse high-power ✓**  
*(superradiance)*

**High-brightness SASE**

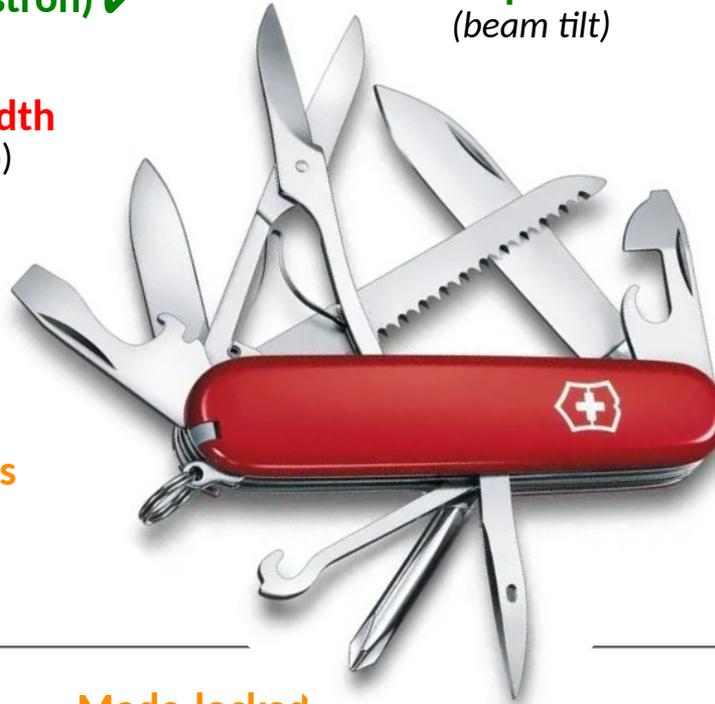
**“Attosecond” pulses ✓**  
*(three-stage compression)*

*Laser seeded modes:*

**Enhanced SASE ✓**

**Mode-locked lasing**

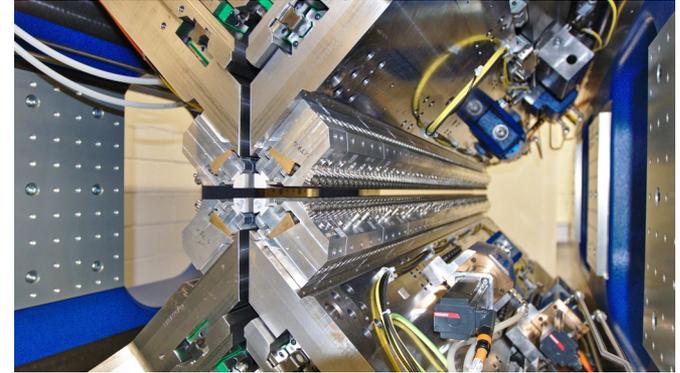
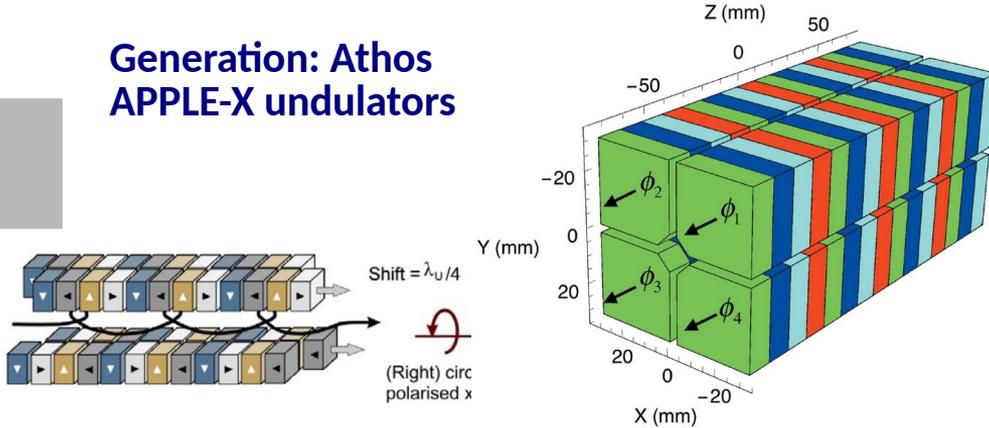
**Echo-enabled harmonic generation (EEHG)**



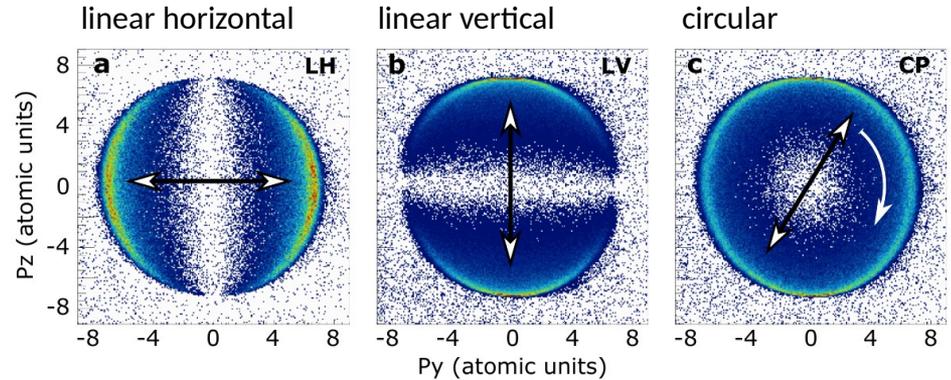
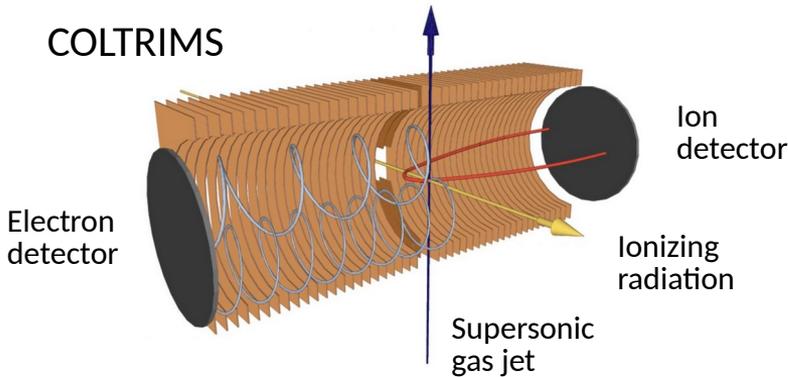


# Athos: variable polarization

## Generation: Athos APPLE-X undulators



## Measurement: cold target recoil ion spectroscopy at Maloja experiment (Athos)



# Athos: short pulses with tilted beams

*electron  
phase space:*

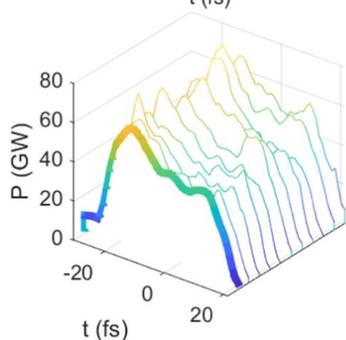
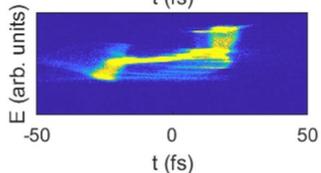
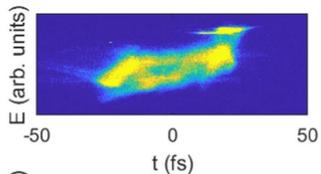
Lasing on

Lasing off

*FEL power  
profiles  
(single shots,  
average in bold)*

900 eV

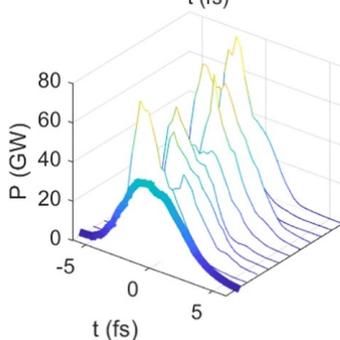
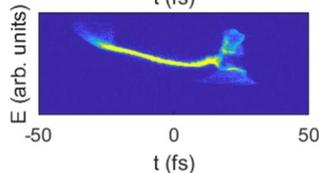
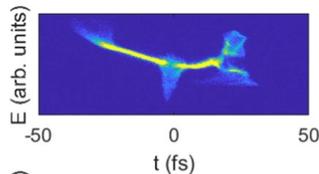
a) Standard pulses



Standard pulse duration  
~16 fs (rms), peak  
power about 60 GW

900 eV

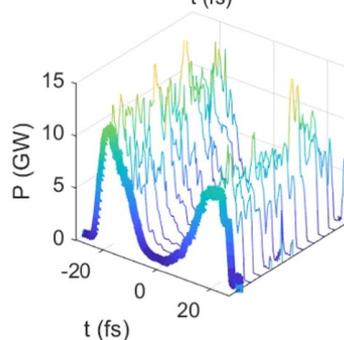
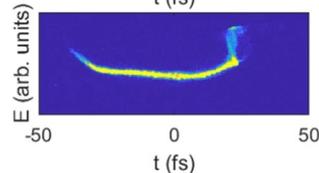
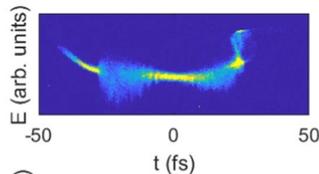
b) Short pulses



Down to 1.4 fs, peak  
power up to 60 GW

500/760 eV

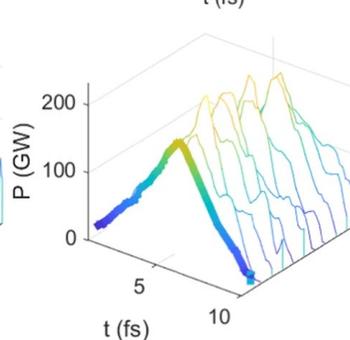
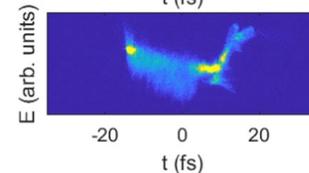
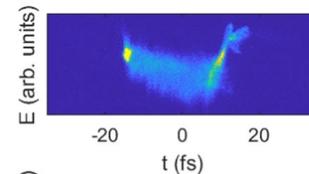
c) Two-colour short pulses



About 5 fs each pulse,  
10 GW power

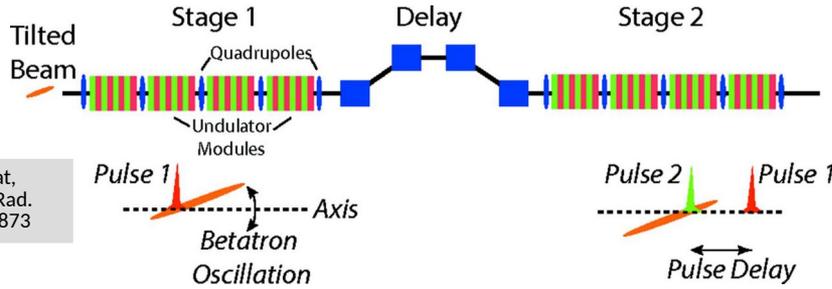
650 eV

d) High-power short pulses



2 fs pulse duration,  
~200 GW power

# Athos: two-color fresh slice technique



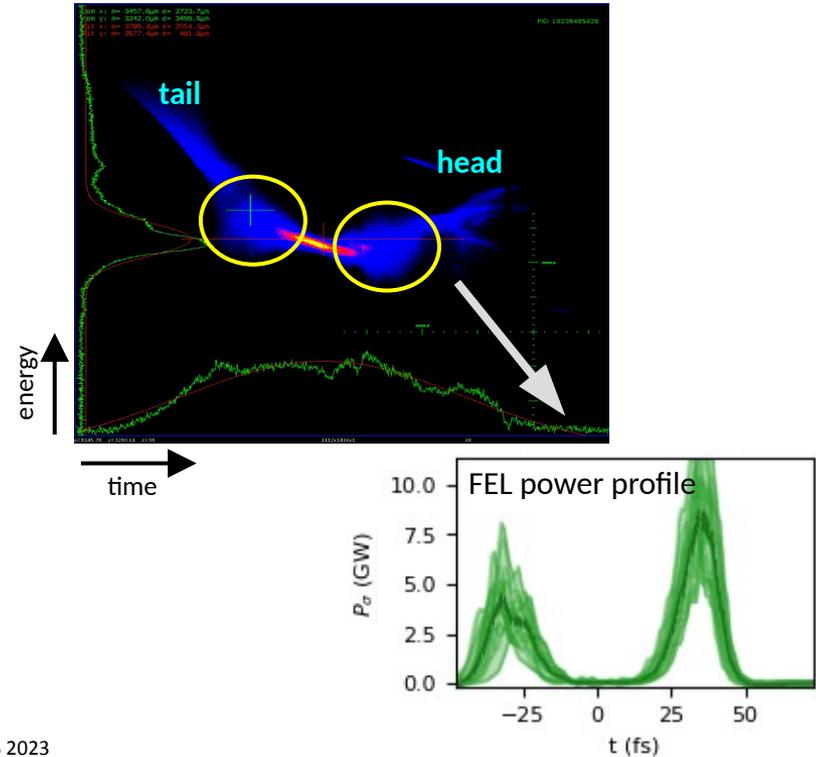
S. Reiche, E. Prat,  
J. Synchrotron Rad.  
23 (2016) 869–873

- Generate two colors in two undulator segments with two (fresh) slices of the electron beam (with beam tilt)
- Wide tunability both in color and time separation.
- Separate polarizations for the two colors are possible.
- First demonstration in 2021.
- Now routinely used by experiments.

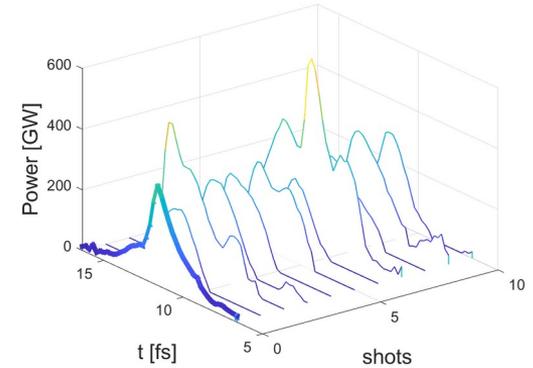
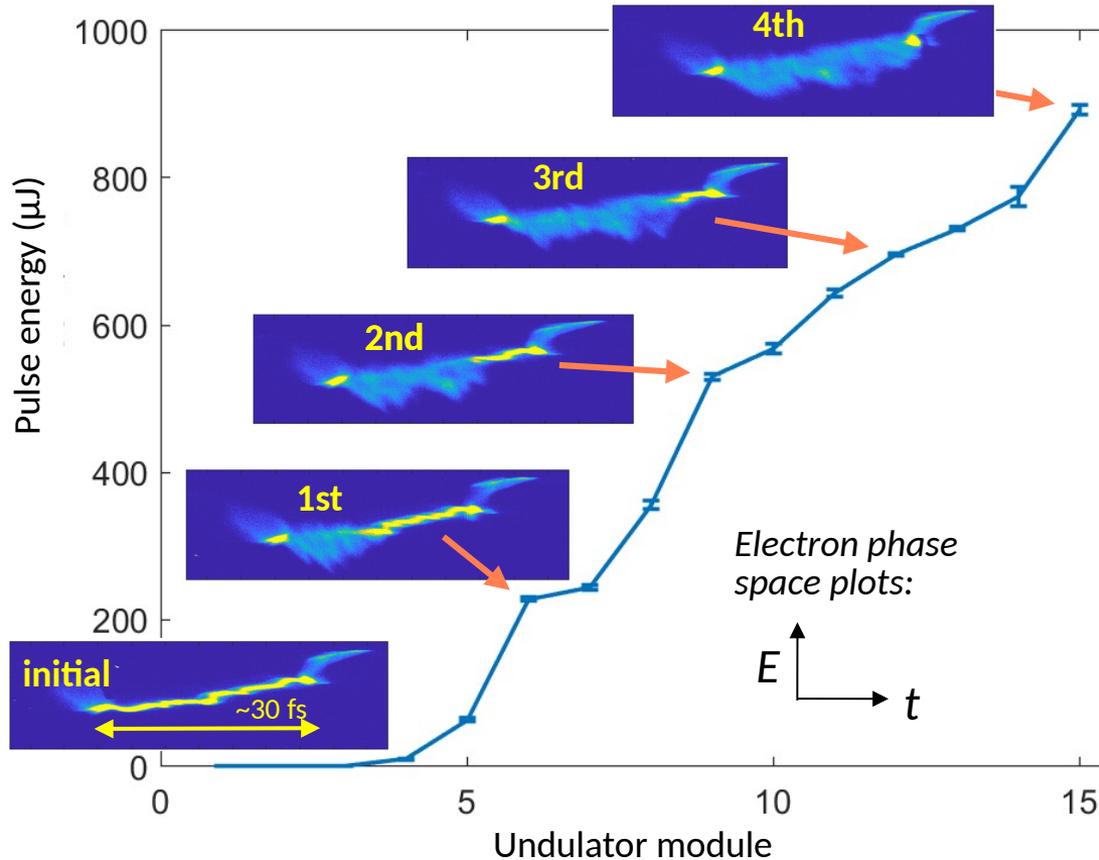
E. Prat et al.,  
Phys. Rev. Res. 4 (2022) L022025

Example (Maloja, May 2023):

- Color 1: 531 eV (O), ~110  $\mu$ J
- Color 2: 405 eV (N), ~170  $\mu$ J

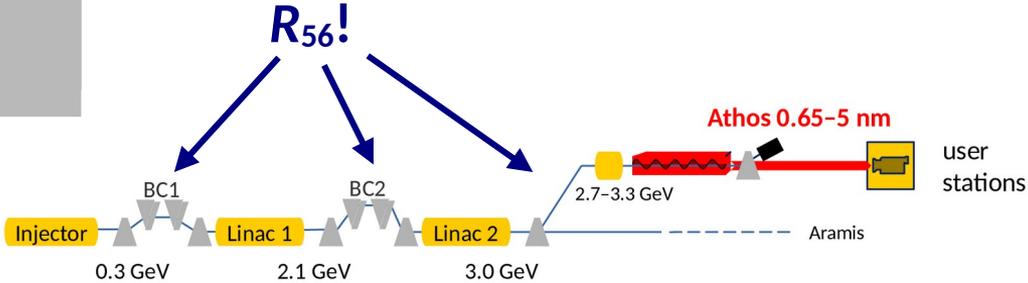


# Multistage amplification (superradiance)



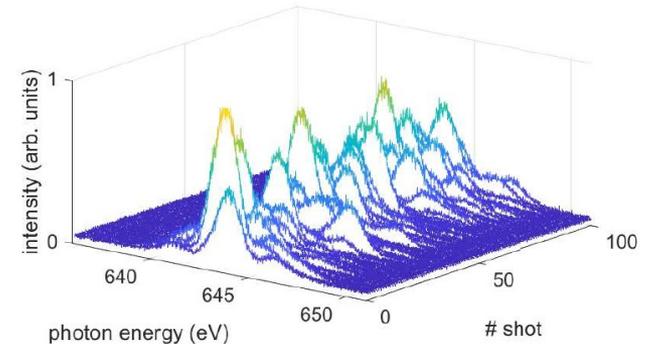
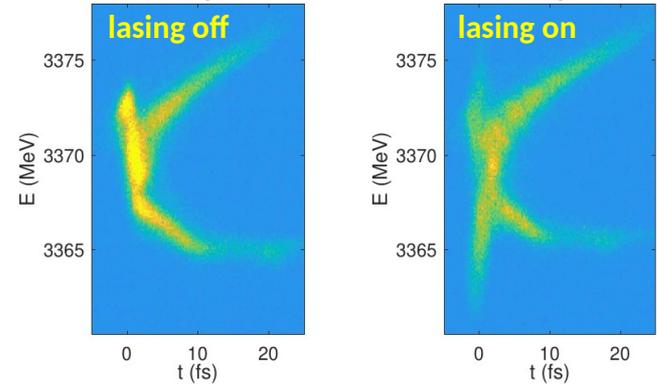
- Photon energy 520 eV
- Four amplification stages (6+3+3+3 undulator modules)
- $\sim 920 \mu\text{J}$  in  $\sim 1.3$  fs (rms) ( $>300$  GW)
- FEL energy gain consistent with  $z^{3/2}$  tendency expected from FEL superradiance regime.
- More details in Guanglei Wang's contributed talk (TH2A3)

# Athos: sub-fs pulses (nonlinear compression)

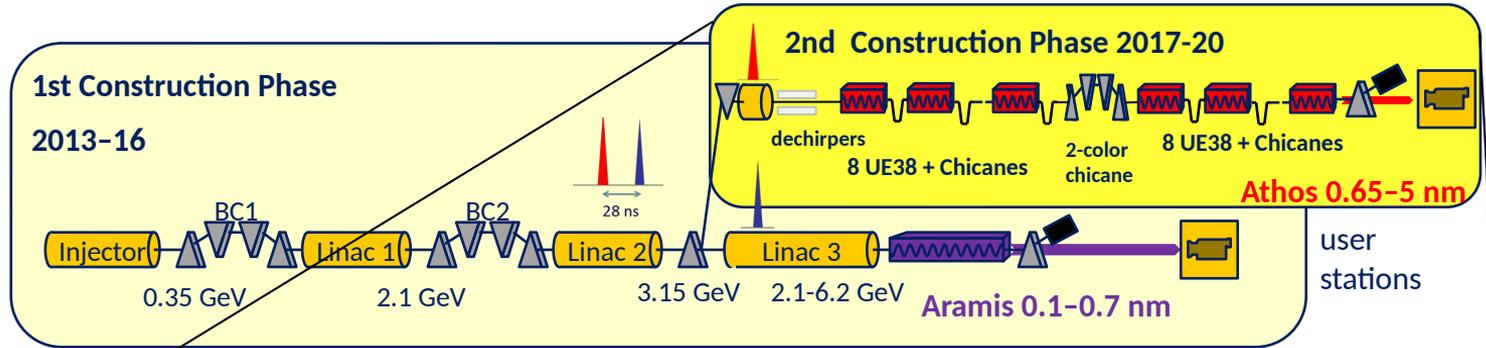


- Three-stage nonlinear compression of low-charge electron bunch (10 pC). Switchyard dogleg as third stage.
- Method similar to Aramis (energy collimator as third stage).
- Strong experimental interest to study coherent electron motion.
- A large fraction of the pulses ( $\geq 70\%$ ) are single spike.
- Paper submitted to Appl. Phys. Lett. Photonics

*electron phase space after nonlinear compression:*



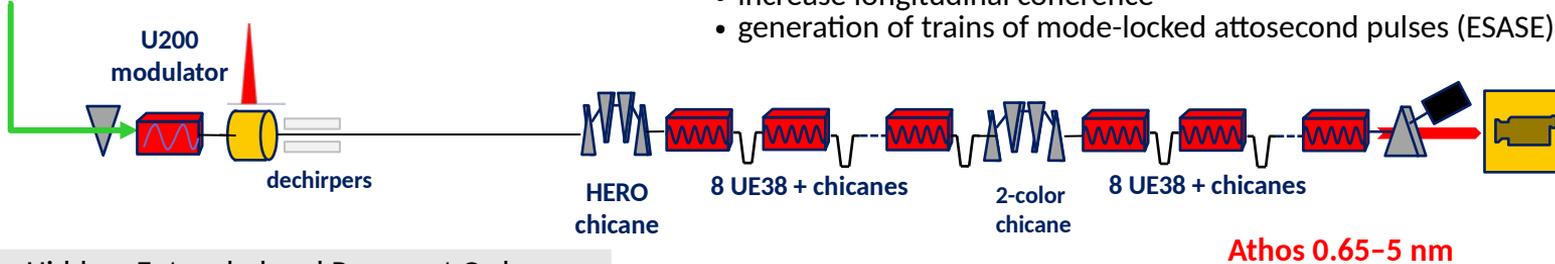
# SwissFEL Athos upgrades: HERO & EEHG



## HERO Project 2020-22 (Phase 1)

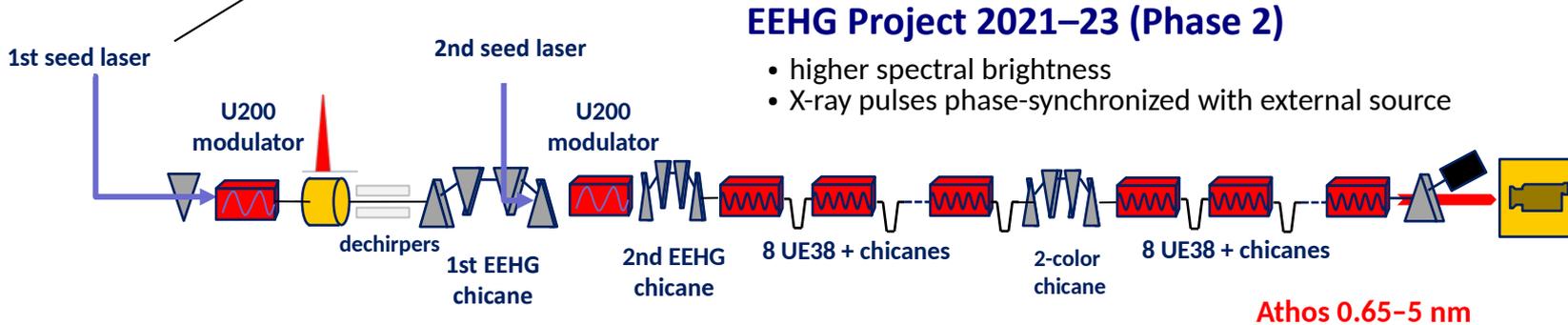
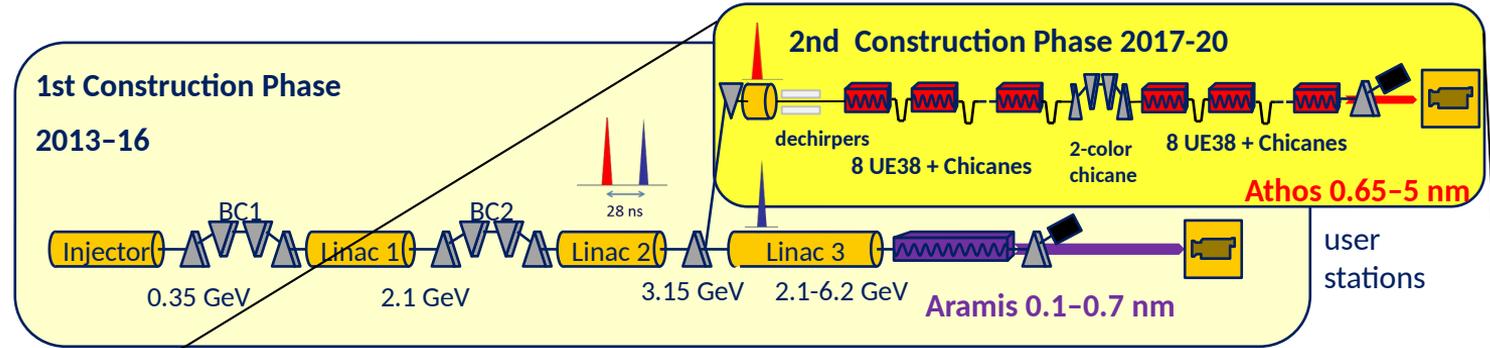
- increase longitudinal coherence
- generation of trains of mode-locked attosecond pulses (ESASE)

1st seed laser



HERO = Hidden, Entangled and Resonant Order  
(Title of European Research Grant paying for all this stuff...)

# SwissFEL Athos upgrades: HERO & EEHG

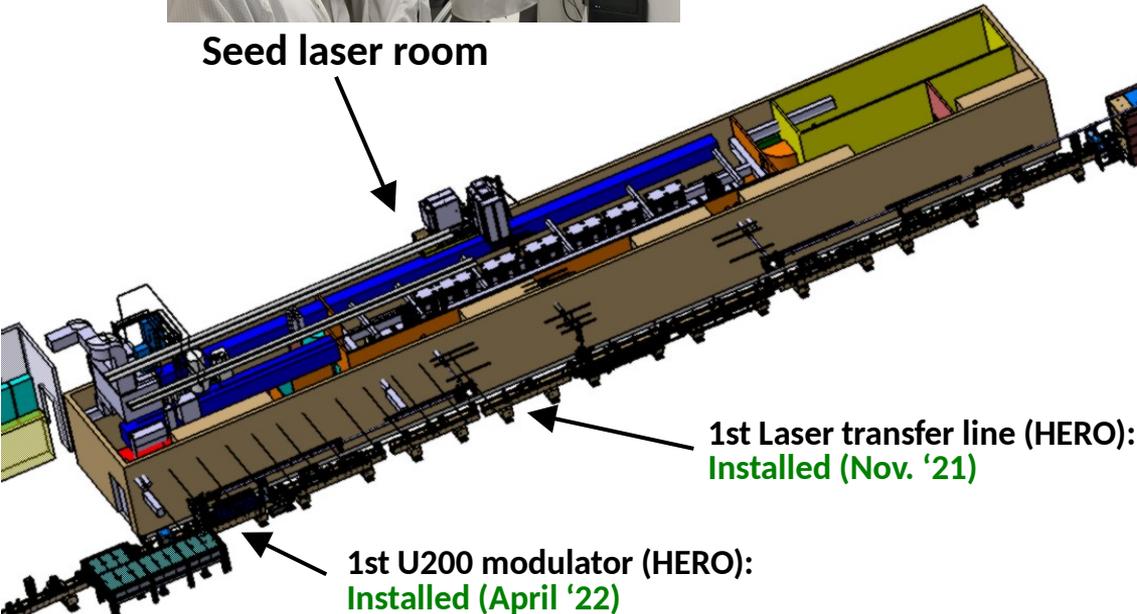


EEHG = Echo-Enabled Harmonic Generation

## EEHG installations



Seed laser room

1st Laser transfer line (HERO):  
Installed (Nov. '21)1st U200 modulator (HERO):  
Installed (April '22)Large magnetic chicane (EEHG):  
Installed Dec. '222nd Laser transfer line (EEHG):  
Installed Dec. '22/Jan. '23 & April '232nd U200 modulator (EEHG):  
Installed August '22Small magnetic chicane (HERO):  
Installed and  
commissioned!  
(August '21)

- Installations for both seed lasers including chicanes completed.
- First seed laser commissioned.
  - Laser-electron overlap
  - Observation of ESASE
- Commissioning of full EEHG setup in late 2023 and 2024

# Seeded modes (Athos)

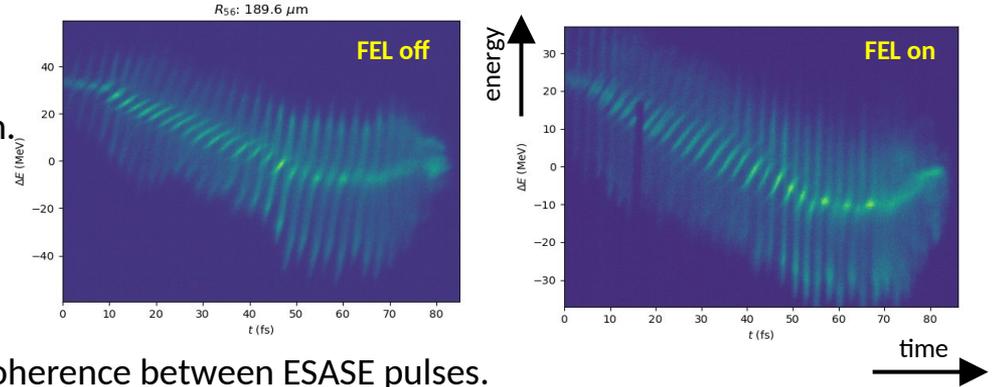
Longitudinal phase space measurement with post-undulator X-band deflector

## Enhanced SASE (ESASE)

- FEL seeding at 800 nm and 400 nm wavelength.
- Successful generation of attosecond FEL pulse train

## Mode-locked lasing (MLL)

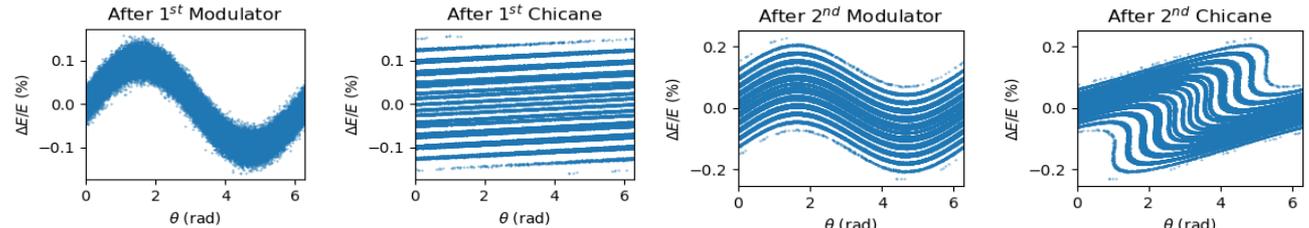
- Use intraundulator chicanes to propagate coherence between ESASE pulses.
- Was attempted (and may have been successful) but clean experimental verification of coherence not yet possible.



## Echo-enabled harmonic generation (EEHG)

- The ultimate goal of the Athos seeding upgrade!
- Hardware ready for commissioning (2023/24)
- Seeding at 267 nm wavelength.

EEHG simulation (S. Reiche)



# Porthos upgrade

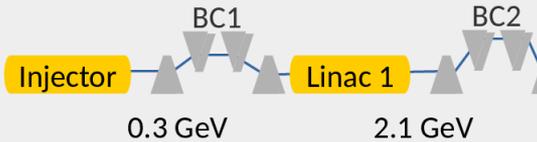
## Athos:

Soft X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.65\text{--}5.0\text{ nm}$

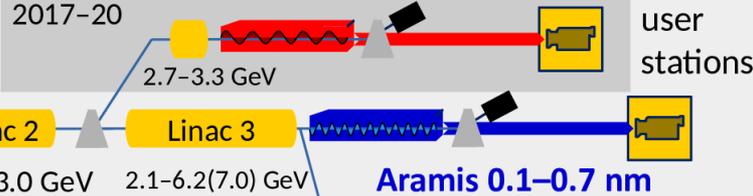
Variable polarization, APPLE-X undulators

First users 2021

First phase  
2013–16



Second phase  
2017–20



Planned phase  
2030s



## Linac:

Pulse duration : 1–20 fs

Electron energy : up to 6.2 GeV  
(7 GeV after upgrade)

Electron bunch charge: 10–200 pC

Repetition rate: 100 Hz, 2 bunches  
(3 bunches after upgrade)

## Aramis:

Hard X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.1\text{--}0.7\text{ nm}$

Linear polarization, in-vacuum,  
variable-gap undulators

First users 2018

## Porthos:

Hard X-ray FEL,  $\lambda = 0.12\text{--}1.2\text{ nm}$

Variable-polarization undulators  
(technology to be decided)

Construction: 2030s





# Thank you!

Special thanks to the whole SwissFEL team and to the expert groups!



## Contributed Orals:

- Th. G. Lucas: *A High Brightness Travelling-wave C-Band Photogun for a Brightness Upgrade to SwissFEL (WE3A6)*
- G. Wang, E. Prat, S. Reiche, K. Schnorr: *Progress on Fresh-slice Multi-stage Amplification at SwissFEL (TH2A3)*

## Posters:

- G. Wang, E. Prat, S. Reiche, K. Schnorr: *Simulation Studies of Producing Attosecond-terawatt X-ray FEL Pulses Using Irregularly Spaced Current Peaks at SwissFEL (TU4P01 )*
- Ph. Dijkstal, P. Craievich, E. Prat, A. Malyzhenkov: *Measurements of Dipole and Quadrupole Wakefields From Corrugated Structures at SwissFEL (TU4P02)*