

# THE EPICS SOFTWARE FRAMEWORK MOVES FROM CONTROLS TO PHYSICS

Greg White, for the EPICS Core Working Group  
21<sup>st</sup> May 2018, IPAC 19

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EPICS Home Page: <https://epics-controls.org>  
GitHub (source code) <https://github.com/epics-base>

# Talk Contents

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1. Context
2. Additions to EPICS made by version 7
3. Selected Deployments
4. Performance and Reliability
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## 4 technology areas are revolutionizing our ability to operate accelerators and make experiments

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1. Accelerator data and detector **data sizes and rates**
2. Experiment **Frameworks**, online **tuning**
3. **Machine Learning** and large scale **optimization**
4. High Level Applications **rapid physics software development.**

# Controls Computing Strategic Drivers

Driver	Requirements
Accelerator Physics	<b>Emittance Minimization, Luminosity Optimization.</b> Online Modelling. Online Accelerator Physics Software (HLAs). Machine Wide Beam Synchronous Diagnostics. ML and Regression Analysis. Automated tuning. <b>Prognostics</b> , downtime minimization
Experiment / Detectors	Big Data – DAQ, Processing, Pipelining. Light Source Detector data size. <b>Online Experiment Optimization.</b>
Engineering	<b>Control system + science data system integration.</b> Faster, more effective development. EPICS control system version lab-wide standardization.
Economic and organizational	<b>Cost control, funding optimization.</b> Lab resource utilization. Interlab collaboration and resource sharing.

**For these reasons, EPICS 7 was planned and developed.**

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# EPICS Version 7 in a Nutshell

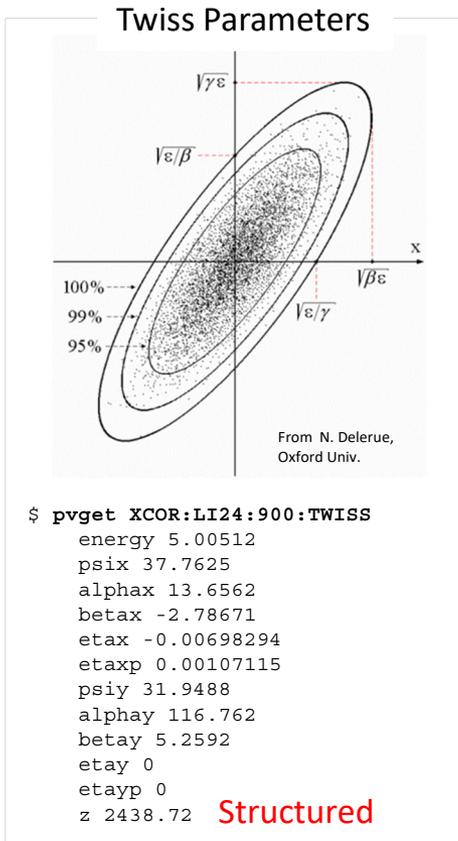
1. New **Fast** Protocol, “pvAccess”
  2. **Structured** data
  3. **Python** and **MATLAB** APIs (and C++ and Java)
  4. Data Services (**Process variables with arguments**)
  5. Standardized **Scientific Types**
  6. High Performance **Streaming**
- For engineers:
    - Introspection interface, “pvData”
    - Dynamic typing
    - New smart database
    - Codec based transport
    - Python Services support

```
$ eget XCOR:LI24:900:TWISS
structure
  double energy 5.00512
  double psix 37.7625
  double alphax 13.6562
  double betax -2.78671
  double etax -0.00698294
  double etaxp 0.00107115
  double psiy 31.9488
  double alphay 116.762
  double betay 5.2592
  double etay 0
  double etayp 0
```

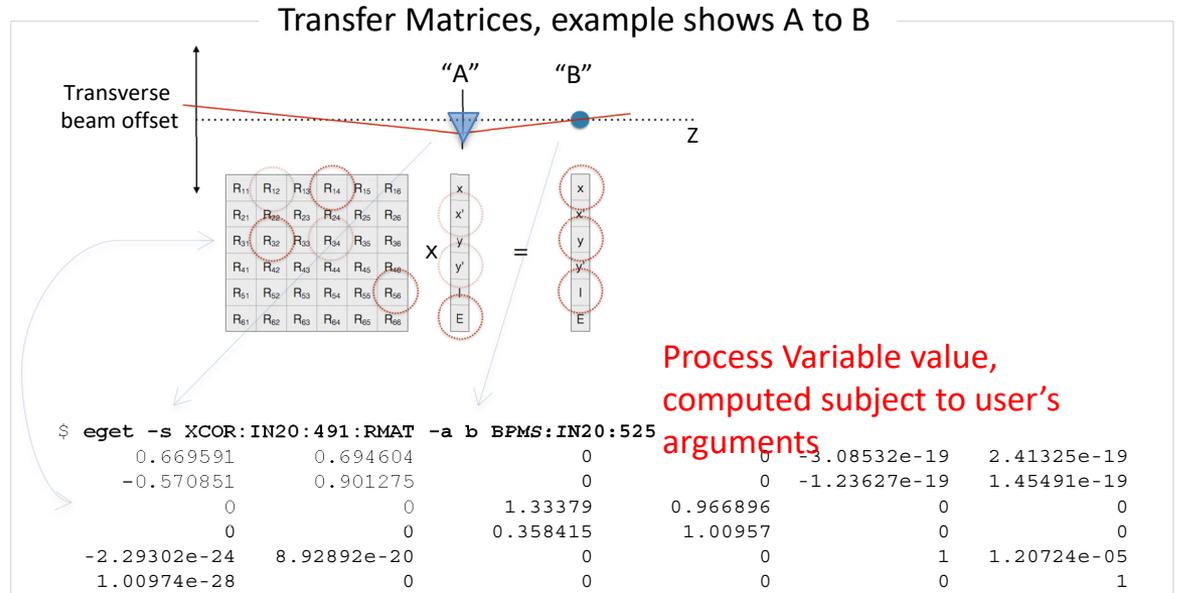
*Figure: pvAccess method “eget”, which is for service data, getting PV of a structure of optics parameters. In this case a standard “Normative Type” type was not used, so the raw structure is displayed by eget*

**Faster. Structured data. Metadata. Easier.**

# Modelling Data through EPICS Control System



Structured data!



Figures: EPICS 7 modelling service giving orbit response matrices and Twiss parameters for given devices - the basis of 90% of emittance minimization applications like feedback, steering, bumps, etc.

# Accelerator Infrastructure data through EPICS

**Data Services now trivial** to implement in EPICS. In Python, Java, C++, even MATLAB

## Directory Services

```
# The names of PVs, by device name pattern:
$ eget -s ds -a name=XCOR:LI21:135:%
  name
  XCOR:LI21:135:ABORT
  XCOR:LI21:135:ACCESS
  XCOR:LI21:135:ALLFUNCGO
  XCOR:LI21:135:BACT
  XCOR:LI21:135:BACTFO
... (many rows snipped)
```

```
# Regular expression (restrict to sectors LI25-LI29)
$ eget -s ds -a regex='XCOR:LI2[5-9]:.*:BDES'
...
# Device names of the instruments in the laser heater region
$ eget -s ds -a etype INST -a tag LSRHTR -a show dname
...
# A recent search for invalid data in corrector PVs
$ eget -tTs ds -a name %COR:LTU%:%:DES | \
  eget -p ca -f - | grep nan
XCOR:LTU1:558:BDES nan
XCOR:LTU1:558:IDES nan
...
```

## Oracle Database accessed through Control System:

```
$ eget -s LCLS:ELEMENTS
```

ELEMENT	ELEMENT_TYPE	EPICS_DEVICE_NAME	S_DISPLAY	OBSTRUCTION
CATHODE	MAD	CATH:IN20:111	2014.7	N
SOL1BK	MAD	SOLN:IN20:111	2014.7	N
CQ01	MAD	QUAD:IN20:121	2014.9	N
SOL1	MAD	SOLN:IN20:121	2014.9	N
XC00	MAD	XCOR:IN20:121	2014.9	N

```
... (many rows snipped)
```

*Figure: Access to Oracle gives device infrastructure, magnet calibrations, drawing names, etc. Will be used in LCLS-II for such things as cryogenic plant system hierarchy etc.*



# The EPICS 7 “Normative Types”

The Normative Types Specification defines a standard for commonly used data types,  
<http://epics-pvdata.sourceforge.net/alpha/normativeTypes/normativeTypes.html>

## 5. General Normative Types

1. NTScalar
2. NTScalarArray
3. NTEnum
4. NTMatrix

```
$ eget XCOR:LI24:900:RMAT
0.0727485      0.0289316      0      0      0.0652488      0.00125391
0.0578214      0.0391775      0      0      -0.027185      -0.000192344
0      0      0.00943029      1.14291      0      0
0      0      -0.0013367      -0.0348832      0      0
-0.000370971  -0.000283933      0      0      -0.0182387      -0.000198345
0.10031      0.018722      0      0      -10.5721      -0.179568
```

5. NTURI

```
$ eget pva://mccas0.slac.stanford.edu:39633/QUAD:LTU1:880:RMAT?type=design
```

6. NTNameValue
7. NTTable
8. NTAttribute

```
$ eget LCLS:ELEMENTS
ELEMENT      ELEMENT_TYPE      EPICS_DEVICE_NAME      S_DISPLAY      OBSTRUCTION
CATHODE      MAD      CATH:IN20:111      2014.7      N
SOL1BK      MAD      SOLN:IN20:111      2014.7      N
CQ01      MAD      QUAD:IN20:121      2014.9      N
SOL1      MAD      SOLN:IN20:121      2014.9      N
XC00      MAD      XCOR:IN20:121      2014.9      N
...
```

## 6. Specific Normative Types

1. NTMultiChannel
2. NTNDArray
3. NTContinuum
4. NTHistogram
5. NTAggregate

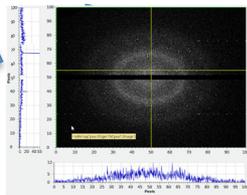
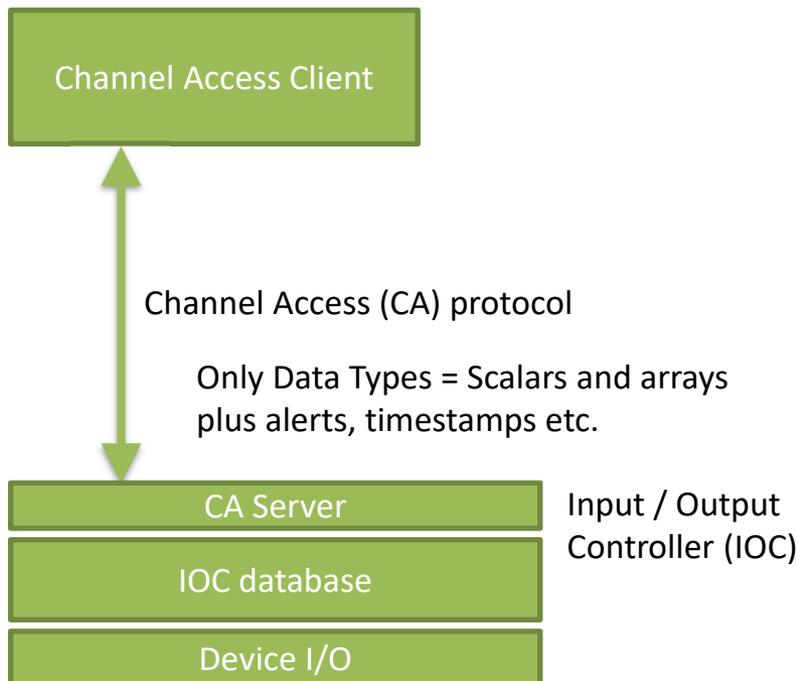


Figure: An extract of the Table of Contents of the Normative Types Specification document, together with examples of 4 selected types.

Examples from SLAC

# EPICS Version 3 (legacy) basic block diagram

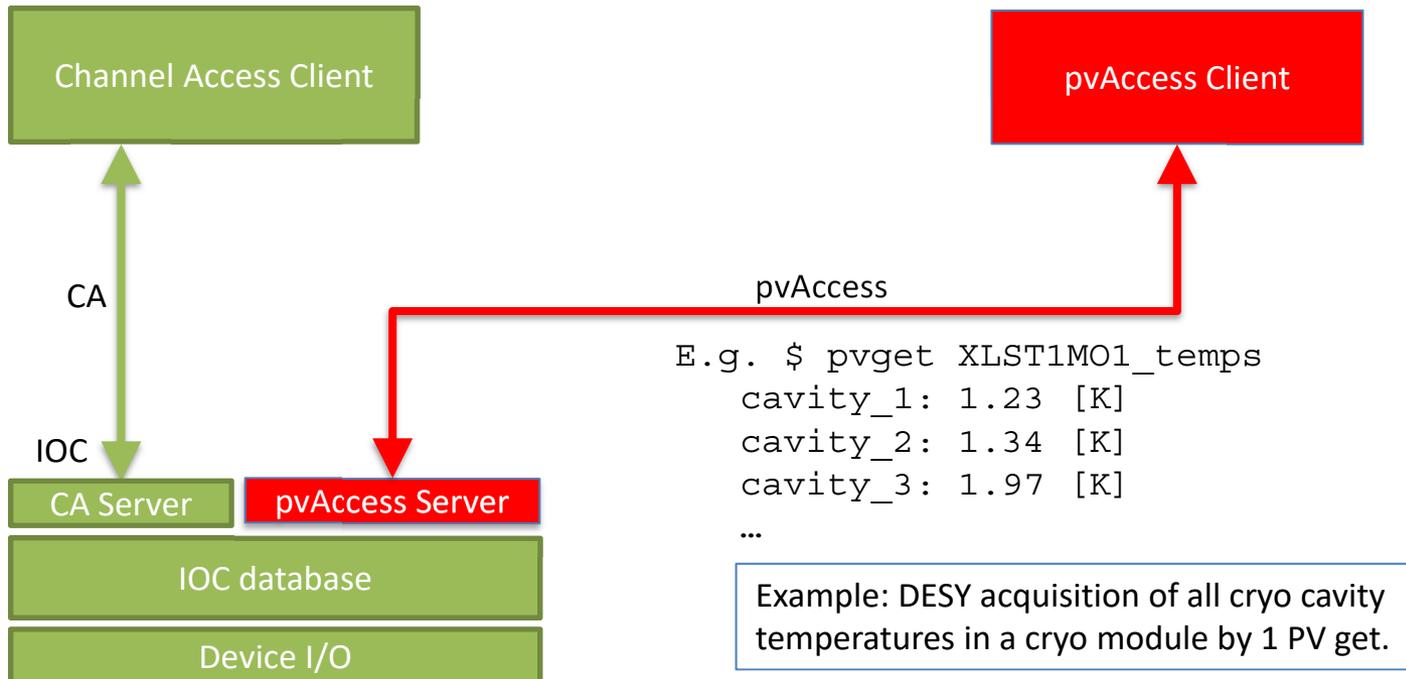
EPICS in the nominal usage: An EPICS client communicates over Channel Access (CA) protocol to an Input/Output Controller (IOC) Channel Access server (module rSrv in an IOC)



*Examples: Dozens of accelerators, telescopes, and other installations worldwide. 47 listed in Wikipedia, but there are more.*

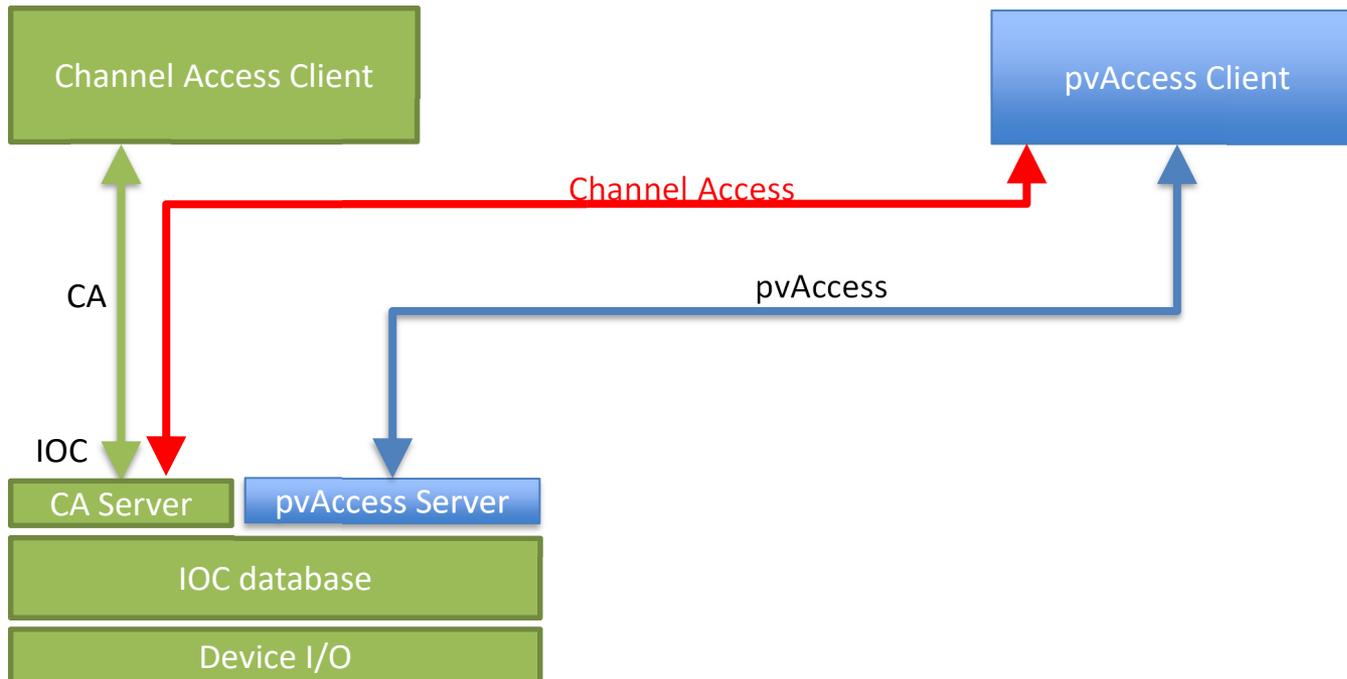
# EPICS Version 7 = EPICS 3.16 + project called “Version 4”

Specifically: An EPICS 7 IOC  $\approx$  3.16 IOC + pvAccess Server



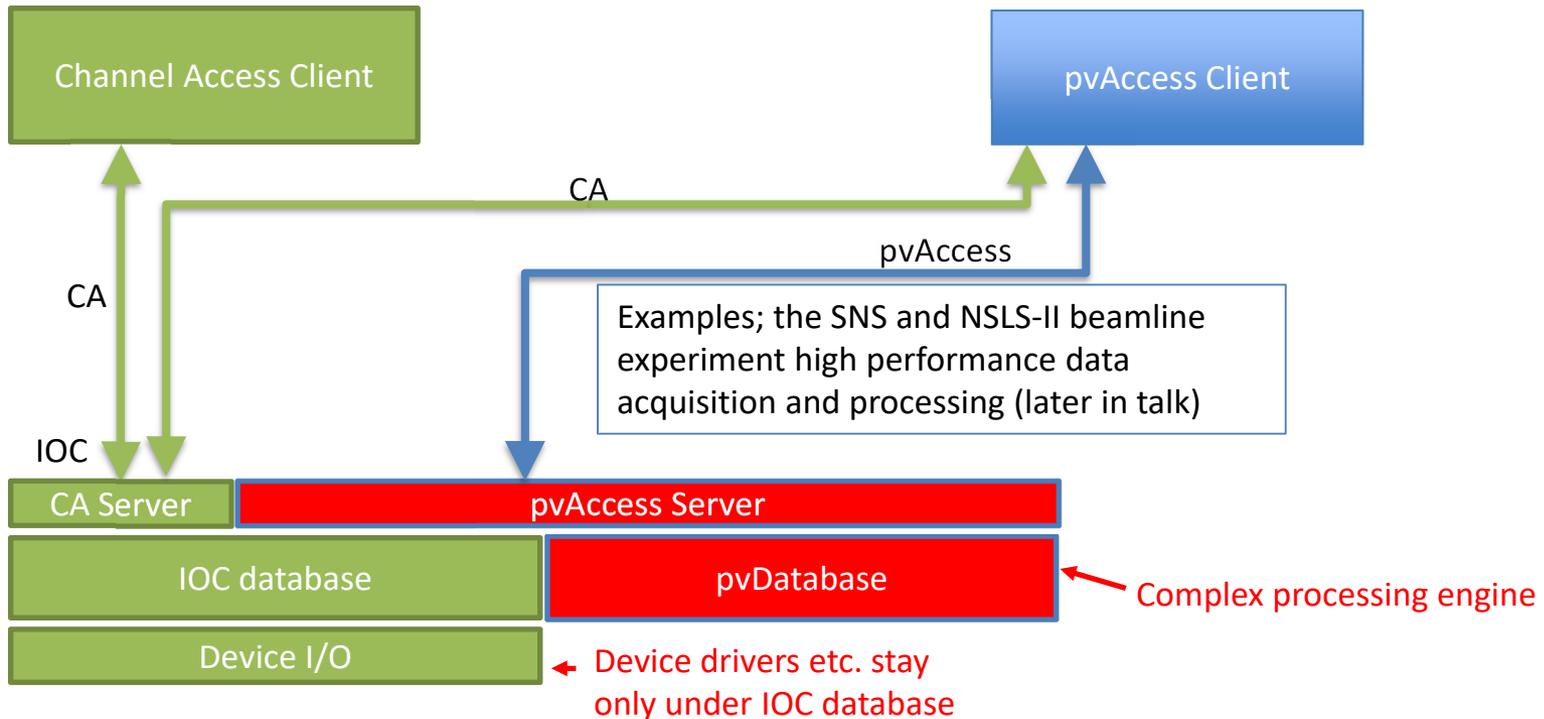
# EPICS Version 7 Includes Channel Access

The pvAccess API includes Channel Access support, **so one client lib does both**



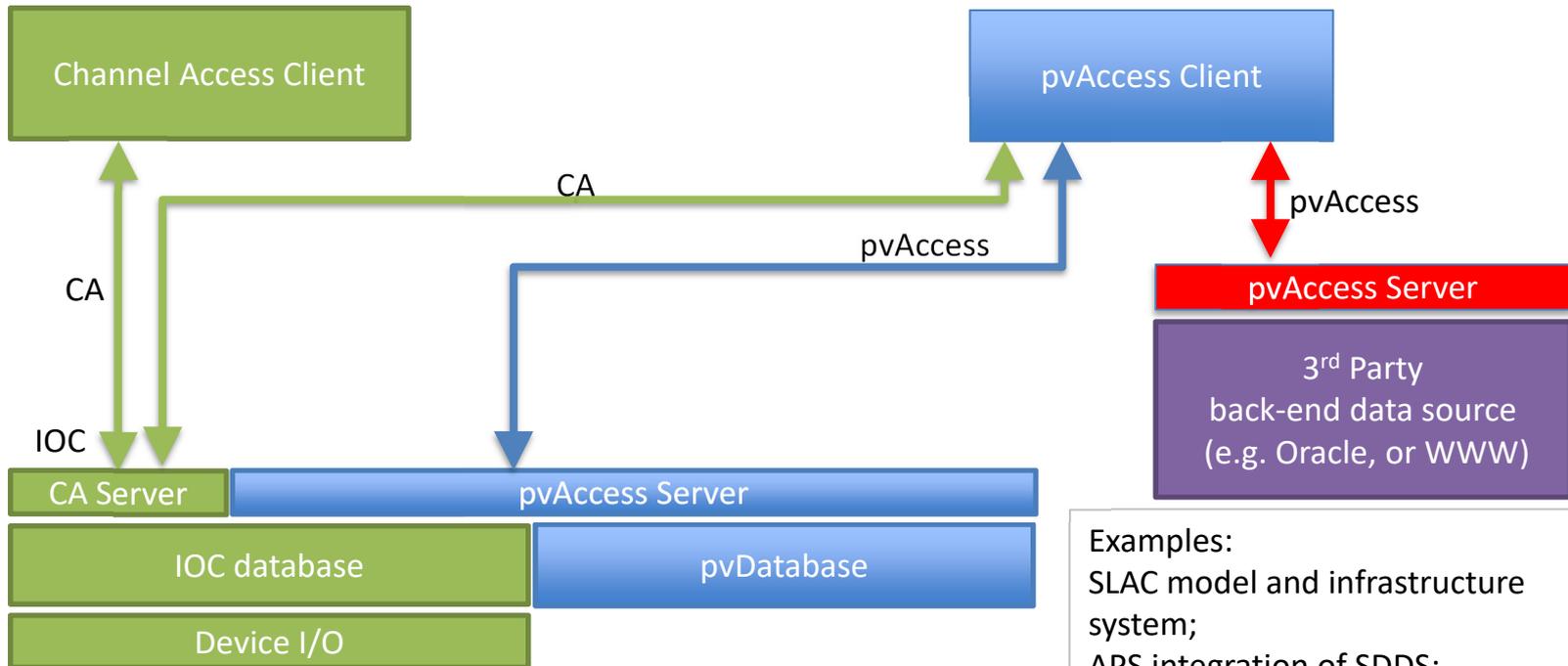
# EPICS Version 7 new database

A new smart database, “pvDatabase” **MAY** be used for data assembly and processing



# EPICS Version 7 Middleware Support

Process variables **value subject to arguments** (“Remote Procedure Call”), Scientific data services.



Examples:

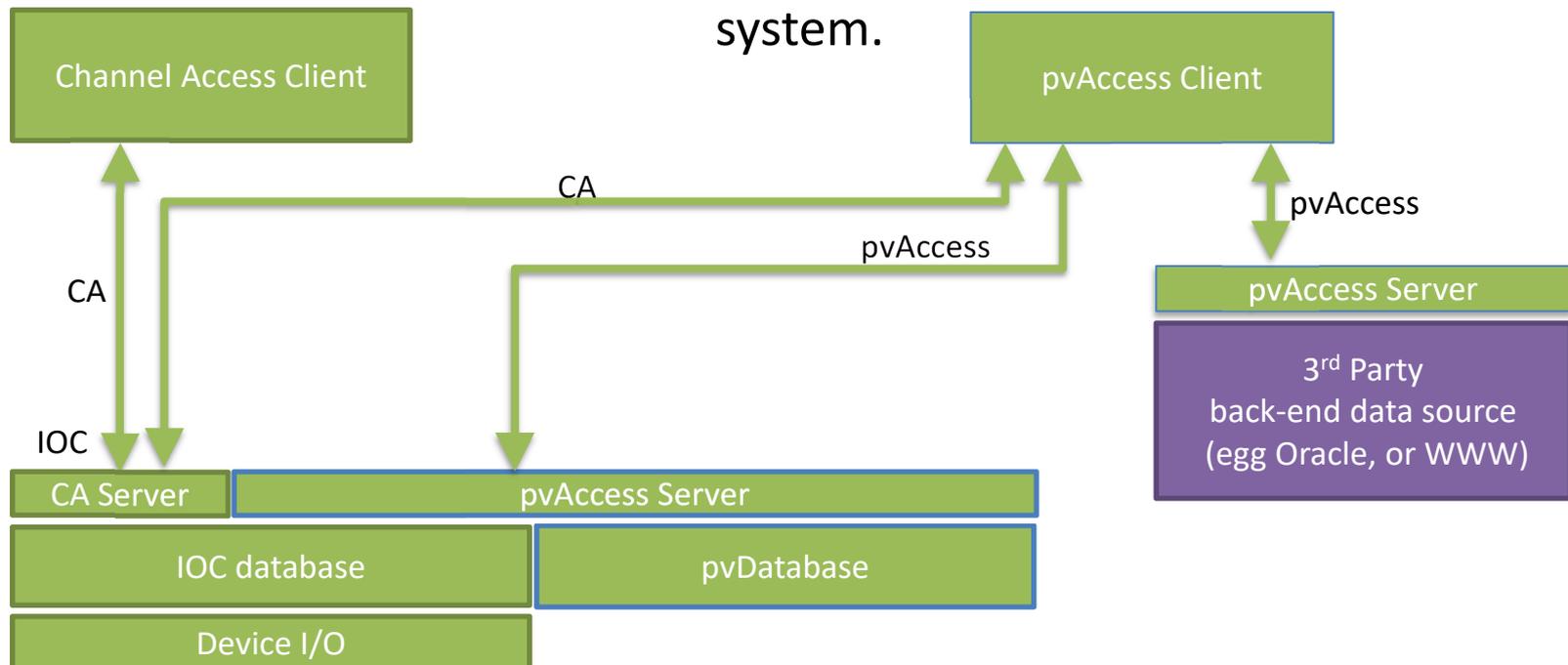
SLAC model and infrastructure system;

APS integration of SDDS;

FRIB device configuration mgmt.

# The New EPICS

So, EPICS 7 extends EPICS with new protocol, PVs of record groups, new (optional) processing database, and bringing 3<sup>rd</sup> party services into the control system.



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# Argonne (APS) Deployment Plan Example

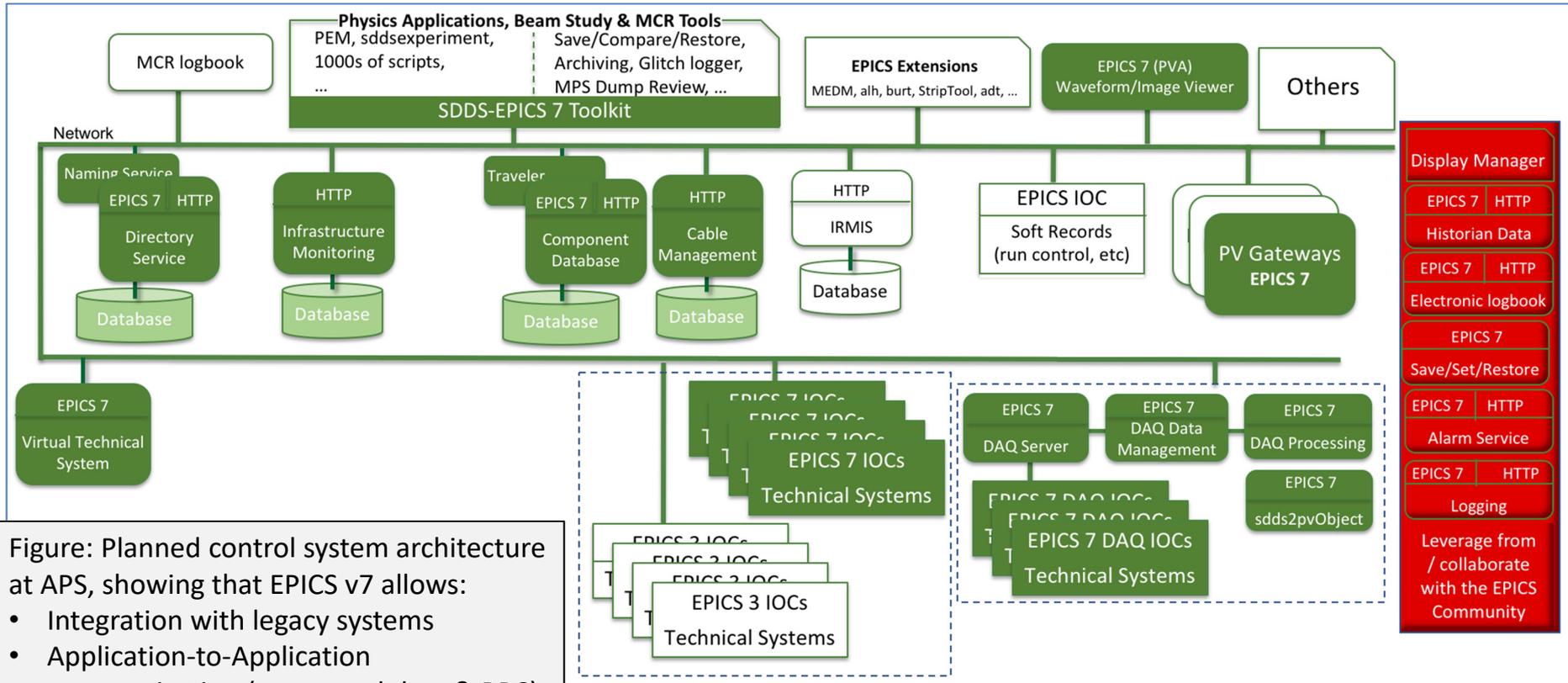


Figure: Planned control system architecture at APS, showing that EPICS v7 allows:

- Integration with legacy systems
- Application-to-Application communication (structured data & RPC).

# Argonne (APS) Deployment Plan Example

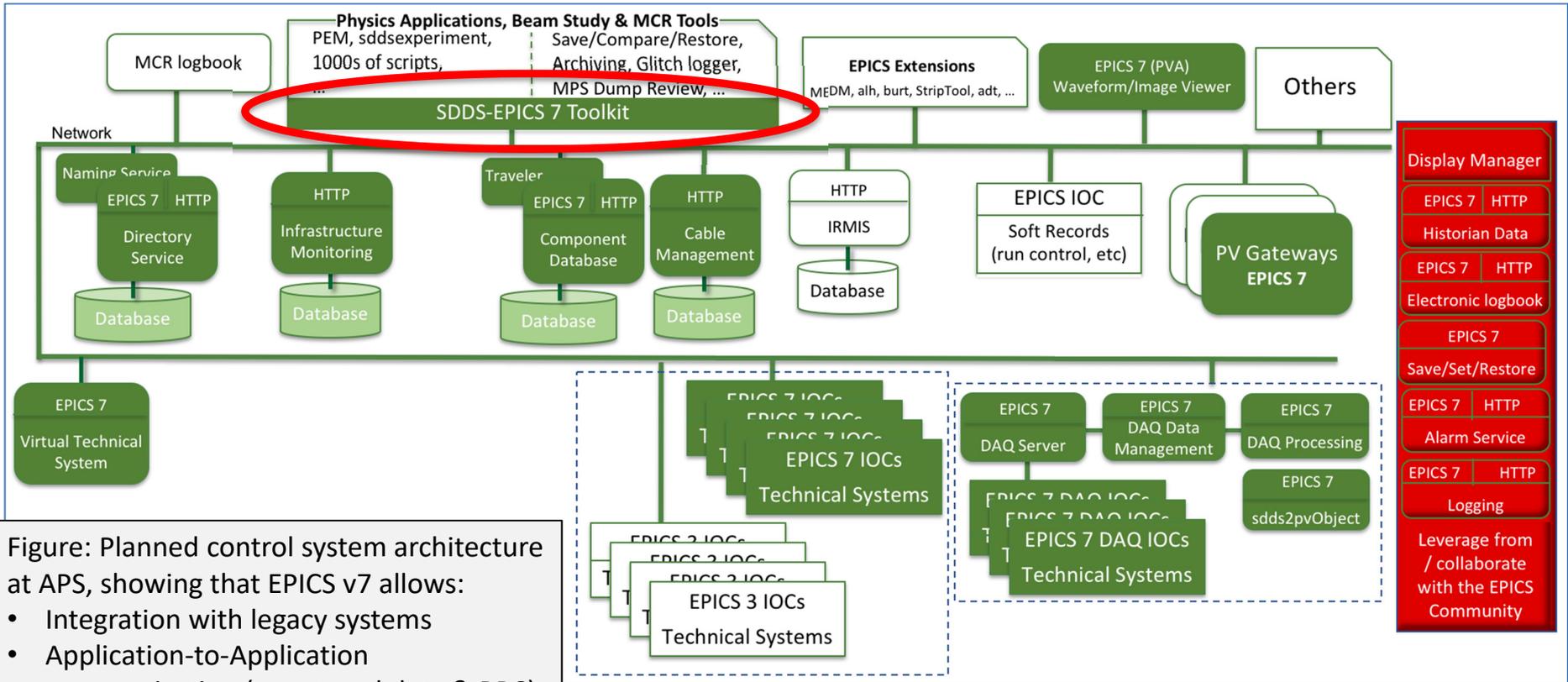
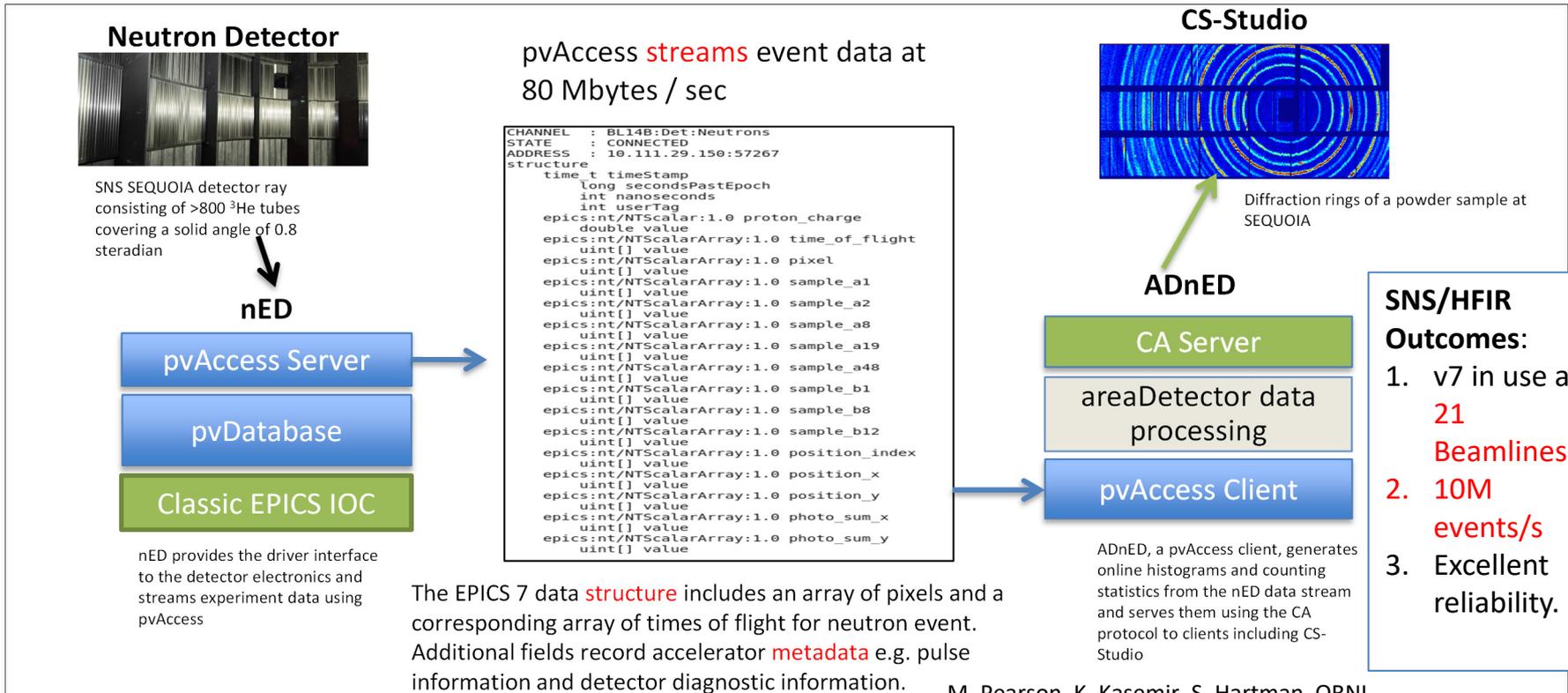


Figure: Planned control system architecture at APS, showing that EPICS v7 allows:

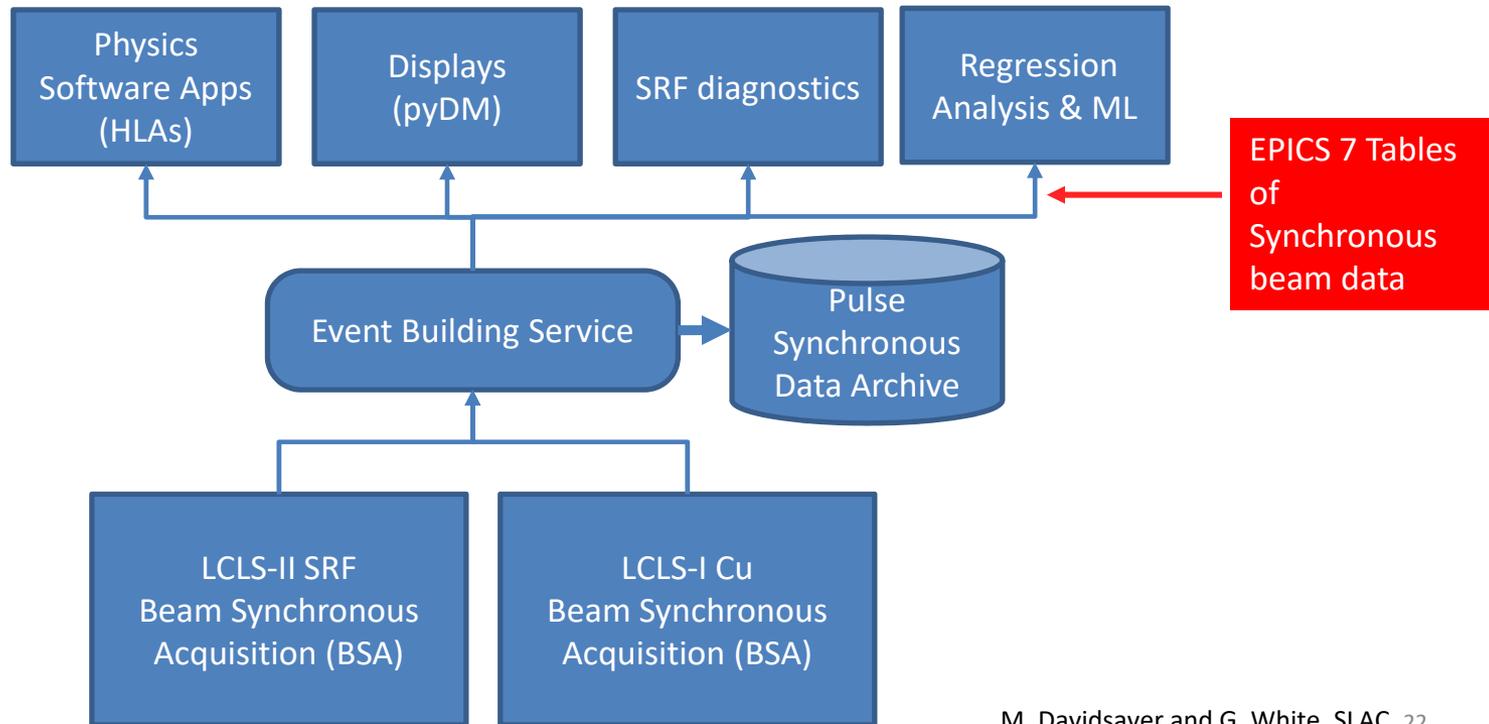
- Integration with legacy systems
- Application-to-Application communication (structured data & RPC).

# SNS uses EPICS v7 for high throughput event readout, of structured PV data.



# All the data, all the time

Figure: Accelerator Event Building Service (of SLAC) collects all bunch-by-bunch data, lines up by bunch ID, tags with accelerator meta data, stream to clients, and **archives for Machine Learning** and diagnostics.



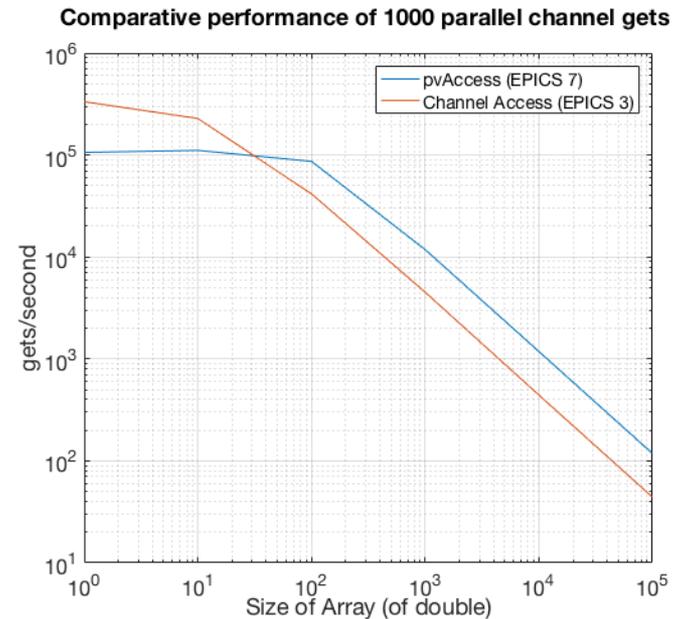
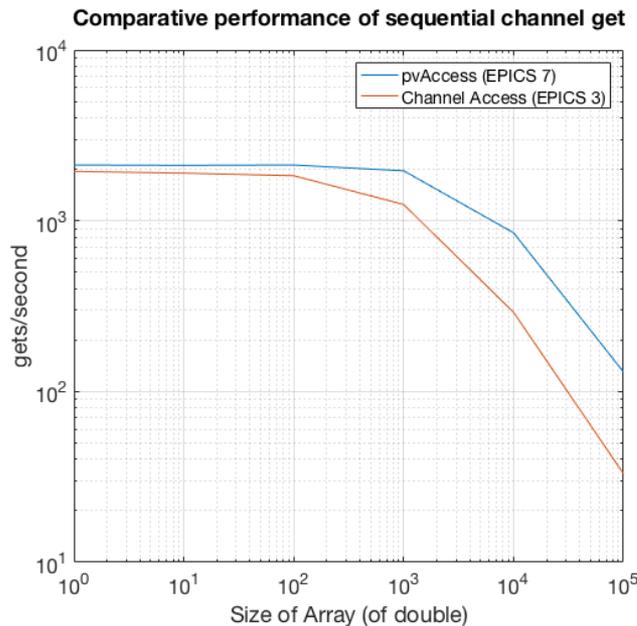
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# EPICS 7 network performance (pvAccess)

Comparison of new data protocol included in EPICS 7 compared to EPICS 3



**pvAccess is significantly faster than EPICS 3 at big data. CA is faster at many small ops in parallel.**

Use Cases Indication: Use pvAccess for machine beam synchronous accelerator data, experimental data, camera data, structured data or data & metadata. Use CA for very full synoptic displays and compatibility with legacy display mgr.

# NSLS-II EPICS v7 areaDetector Performance Test

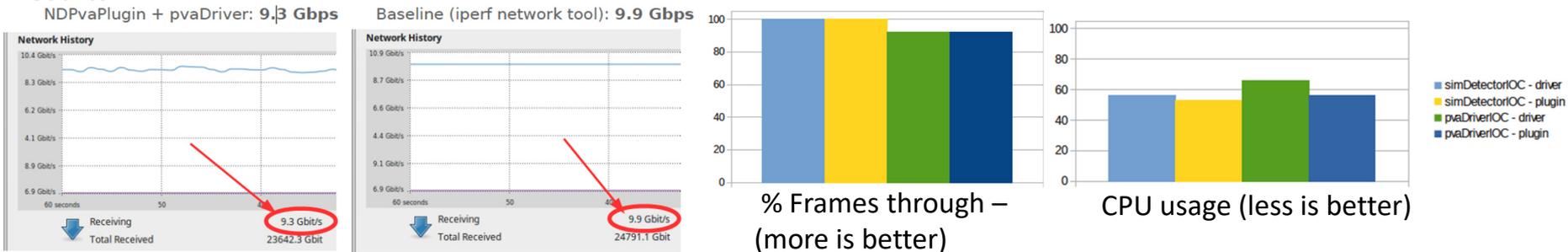
## Problem – big images, network and processor limits:

- Eiger 1M: 1030x1065 @ 3 kHz
- Eiger 4M: 2070x2167 @ 750 Hz
- Eiger 9M: 3110x3269 @ 238 Hz
- Eiger 16M: 4150x4371 @ 133 Hz
- All these detector configurations saturate a 10 Gbps link
- Other non-EPICS methods tried and failed (HTTP-chunking).

## Solution test:

EPICS 7 server of an areaDetector plugin, NDPluginPva. EPICS 7 client areaDetector driver. Non-blocking callbacks  
 Test Data: 5K x 5K @ 50Hz  $\approx$  10 Gb/s over 10Gig Ethernet. 10000 Images.

## Results:



**Conclusions:** EPICS 7 based areaDetector pipeline has high throughput, few frames lost, with no CPU saturation. Network bandwidth utilized is close the practical maximum.

# SLAC EPICS 7 Accelerator IOC Field Test Results

SubSystem	EPICS 7 Migration Status	Field Test Deployment Status	Test Results	Where
BPM	Full migration complete	Successful partial deployments running in production	<b>Positive:</b> running LCLS	LI27 and LI29
LLRF (VME-based)	Full migration complete	Successful partial deployments running in production	<b>Positive:</b> still early but integrated and running LCLS	LI24
Bunch Length	Full migration complete	Successful test and deployment	<b>Positive:</b> integrated and running LCLS	LI21 and LI24
Bunch Charge	Full migration complete	Successful test and deployment	<b>Positive:</b> integrated and running LCLS	LI21 and LI24
LINAC Upgrade (VME/CAMAC)	Not started	Not yet scheduled	None yet	LI20 - LI30

SLAC Conclusions: **All lab and field tests successful. Planning full field IOC upgrade to EPICS 7**

Thanks to E. Williams, S. Hoobler, and many others at SLAC

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# EPICS Technology Ecosystem Roles in Data Pipeline

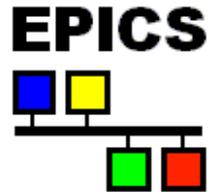
Data Measurement & Transport

Device Abstraction / Modelling & Simulation

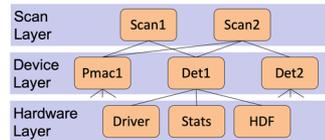
Collection & Event Building

Analysis & Tuning

Display & Physics Software

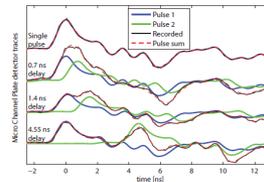


New network gateway.  
New network protocol  
pvAccess/pvData.  
Process Variables of  
Structured data

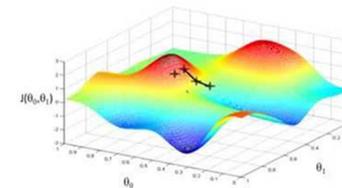


OpenXAL (Java) - SNS  
Phantasy (Python) - FRIB  
Ophyd (Python) - BNL  
Malcolm (Python) -  
Diamond

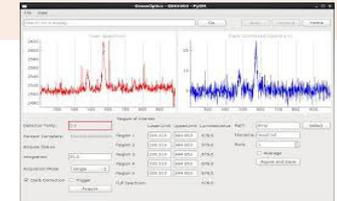
Beam Synchronous Data  
Bunch resolved Archived  
data & meta data  
Bluesky experiment mgr.



Bunch resolved regression  
analysis / ML



High Level Apps' MATLAB  
and Python EPICS APIs  
PyDM / EPICS Qt / CSS  
"Display Managers"



# Community Feedback

- Performance is excellent
- Reliability needs have been met or exceeded
- Easy programming and scripting
- Successfully unifies controls and scientific systems
- Normative Types effectively enables interoperation and reuse
- Streaming supports big online data processing
- Getting started is (still) difficult due to scattered documentation.

# Conclusion. Strategic Drivers Successfully Addressed

Driver	Requirements
Accelerator Physics	Emittance Minimization, Luminosity Optimization. Online Modelling. Online Accelerator Physics Software (HLAs). Machine Wide Beam Synchronous Diagnostics. ML and Regression Analysis. Automated tuning. Prognostics, downtime minimization ⇒ Structured data, RPC, MATLAB & Python APIs, Middleware esp. Python services, Bunch synchronous acq., Meta data in data, Data serialization to e.g. HDF5
Experiment / Detectors	Big Data – DAQ, Processing, Pipelining. Light Source Detector data size. Online Experiment Optimization ⇒ Fast. No CPU saturation, Native codec and compression support, HDF5, New process database, streaming, one protocol
Engineering	Control system + science data system integration. Faster, more effective development. EPICS control system version lab-wide standardization ⇒ Data Services, Python scripting, git sourced, integrated metadata, fast, reliable
Economic and organizational	Cost control, funding optimization. Lab resource utilization. Interlab collaboration and resource sharing. ⇒ Unified protocol, MATLAB & Python APIs, database driven display managers, Normative Types give interlab interoperability.

# References

- The EPICS website, <https://epics-controls.org>
- EPICS source code repos, <https://github.com/epics-base/>
- EPICS V4 EVALUATION FOR SNS NEUTRON DATA, K.U. Kasemir, G.S. Guyotte, M.R. Pearson, ORNL, Oak Ridge, TN37831, USA, contribution WEPGF105 of these proceedings
- EPICS V4/areaDetector Integration, D. Hickin, Diamond, <http://controls.diamond.ac.uk/downloads/other/files/areaDetectorOctober2014/EPICS%20V4%20areaDetector%20integration.pptx>
- areaDetector EPICSv4 modules, B. Martins, talk at spring 2015 EPICS Meeting (at Michigan State), <https://indico.fnal.gov/contributionDisplay.py?contribId=81&sessionId=11&confId=9718>
- areaDetector's ADCore on github, B. Martins, <http://github.com/areaDetector/ADCore>
- NSLS-II Data Management Framework, A. Arkilic, talk at spring 2015 EPICS Meeting (at Michigan State), <https://indico.fnal.gov/materialDisplay.py?contribId=80&sessionId=5&materialId=slides&confId=9718>