

### Modern Accelerator Control Systems

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for KEKB Control Group and Linac Control Group

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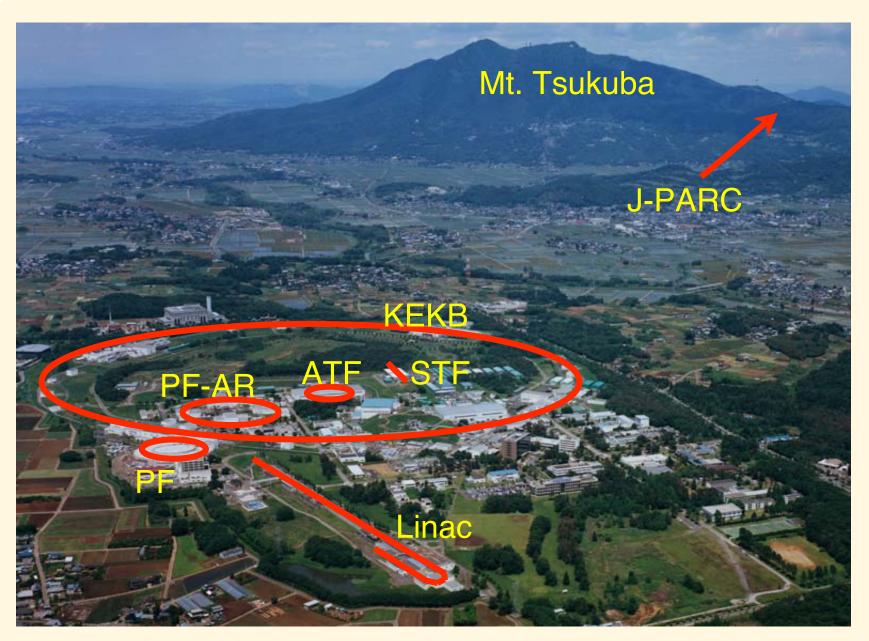


- Accelerator Controls at KEKB and Linac
- Operational Software
- Considerations on Accelerator Controls in General
- Available Technologies
- Adaptive Reliabilities
- **♦**Summary



### **KEKB** and Linac

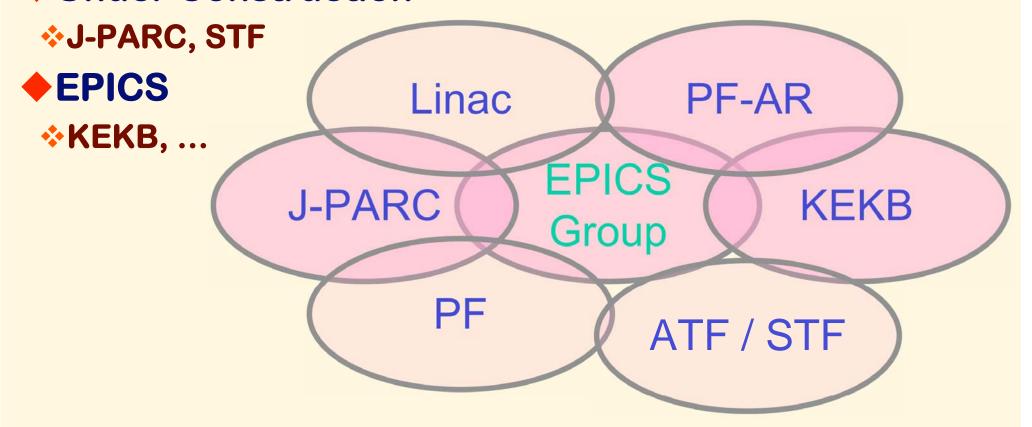






## Control Systems in KEK

- Operational Presently
  - Linac, PF, PF-AR, ATF, KEKB
- Under Construction

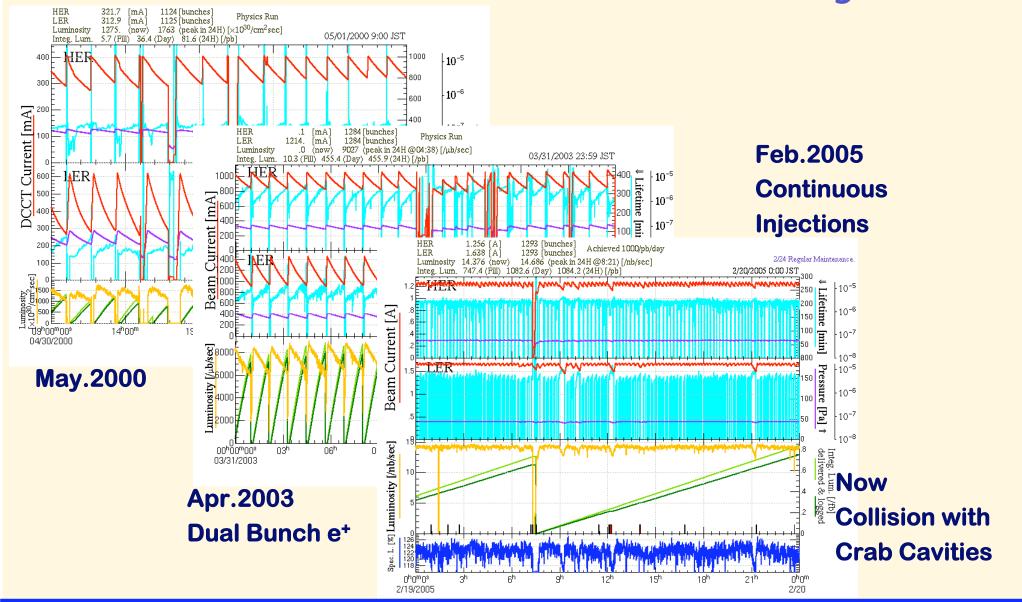


KEKB and Linac Accelerator

Modern Accelerator Controls



### Increase of the Luminosity





### KEKB Control System (Hardware)

- GbE Fiber Optic Networks
  - **❖Single Broadcast Domain**
  - Central Control Room and 26 Local Control Rooms
- **♦VME/IOC** 
  - **\*~100 VME/IOC mostly with PowerPC CPU**
- Field bus
  - **\*~200 VXI thru MXI for BPM Instrumentations**
  - **\*~50 CAMAC for rf and Vacuum (inherited from TRISTAN)**
  - ❖~200 ArcNet network segments for Magnet Power Supplies, and other field Controllers
  - **❖GPIB** for Instrumentations, RS232C, Modbus+ for PLCs
- Host Computers
  - ❖HP-UX/PA-Risc, Linux/x86 Controls Server
  - **❖3 Tru64/Alpha with TruCluster**
  - Several Linux
  - **♦ Many MacOSX**
  - **♦**(Solaris/Sparc for VxWorks)



### KEKB Control System (Software)

- **EPICS** 3.13.1 and 3.14.6,8
- VxWorks 5.3.1 mainly, and 5.5.1
  - Hope to upgrade EPICS/VxWorks Shortly
- **♦IOC Development** 
  - CapFast, (VDCT) Perl, SADscript for Database Configuration
  - Oracle as a backend Database Management
- Operational Application Development
  - **♦ MEDM(DM2k)** for Startup
  - **❖Python/Tk for Equipment Controls**
  - SADScript/Tk for Beam Operation, etc



#### KEKBLOG and ZLOG

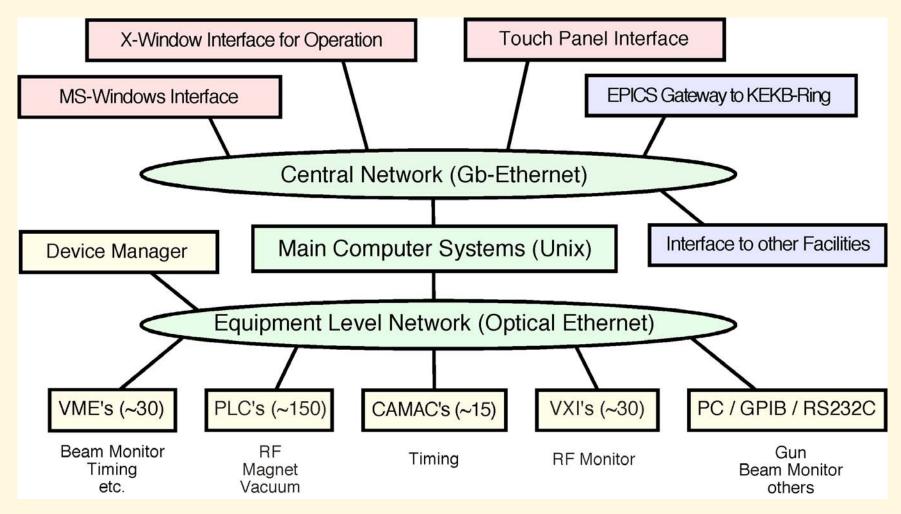
- KEKBlog/kblog Archiver is Used from the Beginning of the Commissioning
  - Just less than 2GB / day
  - Several Viewer Tools
    - □ Very often Used to Analyze the Operation Status
- **♦Zlog Operation Log** 
  - Zope, Python, PostgreSQL

    - **In Mostly Japanese □**
    - **□ Figure Storing Integration**
      - ex. Screen shot of operational Panels



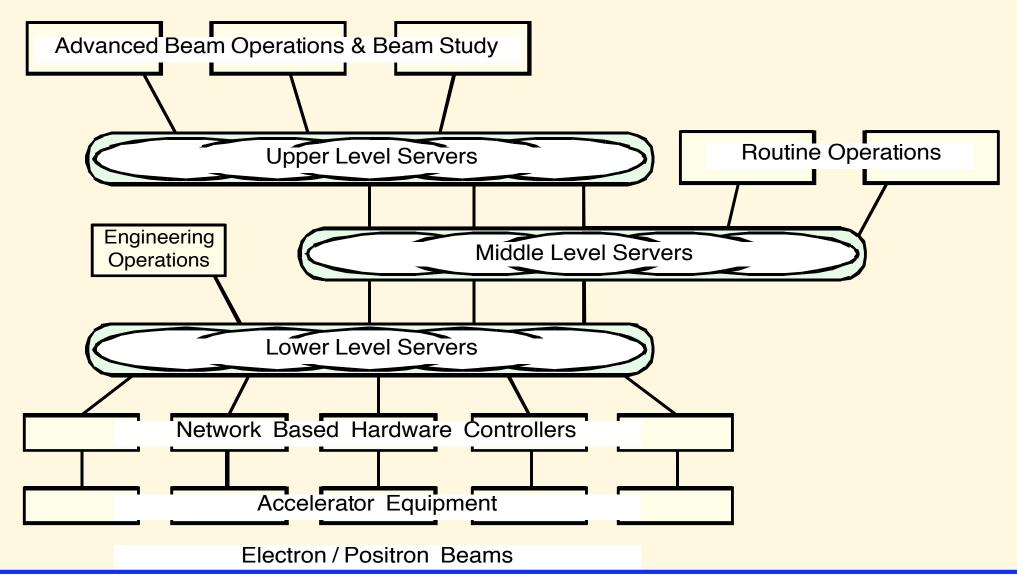
## Linac; Physical Structure

♦ Multi-tier, Multi-hardware, Multi-client, ...



Linac Controls Modern Accelerator Controls

# Linac; Multi-tier Logical Structure





### Software Architecture

- Base control software structure for Multi-platform
  - ❖ any Unix, OS9, LynxOS (Realtime), VMS, DOS, Windows, MacOS
  - \* TCP UDP General Communication Library
  - Shared-Memory, Semaphore Library
  - Simple Home-grown RPC (Remote Procedure Call) Library
  - Memory-resident Hash Database Library
- Control Server software
  - Lower-layer servers (UDP-RPC) for control hardware
  - Upper-layer server (TCP-RPC) for accelerator equipment
  - Read-only Information on Distributed Shared Memory
  - Works redundantly on multiple servers
- Client Applications
  - Established applications in C language with RPC
  - Many of the beam operation software in scripting language,
    - □ Tcl/Tk
    - □ SADscript/Tk



# Operation

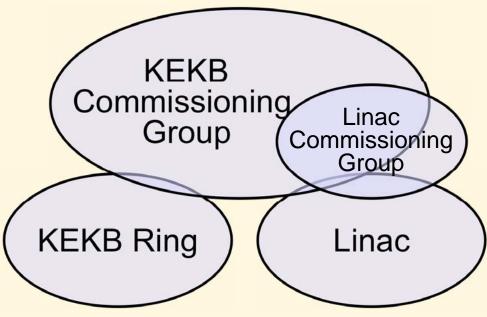


## KEKB Commissioning Groups

- Formation of Commissioning Group (KCG)
  - Linac Commissioning (LCG)
    - **□ 7 from Linac**
    - **¤~10 from Ring**
  - \*KEKB Ring Commissioning Group (KCG)
    - **All LCG**

    - □ Several from Detector (BCG)
  - **❖ Commissioning software** base was formed during Linac Commissioning (1997~)

TcI/Tk, Python/Tk, SADscript/Tk





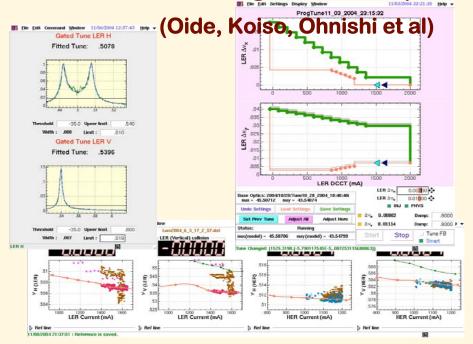
### SADScript

- Mathematica-like Language
  - Not Real Symbolic Manipulation (Fast)
  - EPICS CA (Synchronous and Asynchronous)
    CaRead/CaWrite[], CaMonitor[], etc.
  - **♦ (Oracle Database)**
  - **❖Tk Widget**
  - Canvas Draw and Plot
  - KBFrame on top of Tk
  - **❖Data Processing (Fit, FFT, ...)**
  - ❖Inter-Process Communication (Exec, Pipe, etc)
    System[], OpenRead/Write[], BidirectionalPipe[], etc.
  - Greek Letter
  - Full Accelerator Modeling Capability
  - Also Used for non-Accelerator Applications
  - Comparable to XAL, but very different architecture

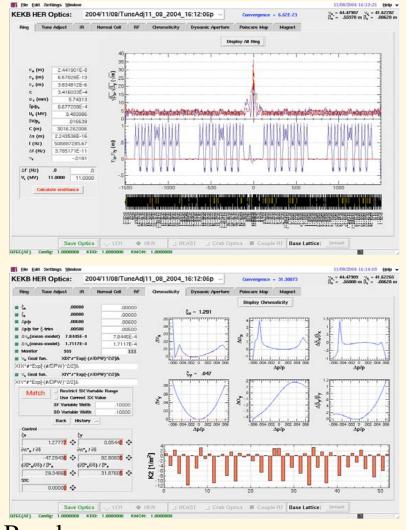


#### Virtual Accelerator in KEKB

- **♦** For Example in KEKB
  - \*most Beam Optics Condition is maintained in the Optics Panel
  - Other Panels Manipulate Parameters Communicating with the Optics Panel



Tune Measurement/Changer



**Optics Panel** 



### Beam Optics Database

- Repository of Inputs to Simulation Codes?
- XSIF Extended Standard Input Format
  - Many Simulation Codes utilize it
  - **♦**SAD does not
  - Currently a Conversion Tool is Used to for These Input Formats
    The Dogbone lattice was reproduced on
  - **\*XSIF (LIBXSIF) inclusion in SAD?**

SAD successfully.

- Yet another Generalized Input Format?
  - Separation between Beamline Geometry (relatively static) and Beam **Optics (more varying)**
  - Could be structured into XML
- Relational information to each Hardware Components
  - ❖We do not prefer complicated relations
- MAD to SAD conversion by Koiso.
- Class library: acsad0.kek.ip:/users/oide/ILC/DR/DB by Oide
- CVS repository by Ohnishi.





#### **Accelerator Controls**

Definition and goal

- Specified only after technical details of the accelerator is decided
  - ☐ Of course the final goal is the science achievement
- Often change after commissioning

  - □ Should support rapid development to realize novel ideas immediately
- Unfortunately we don't have general accelerator controls
  - □ We may have to make something



### History

- Discussion of accelerator controls
  - **\*At ICALEPCS conferences**

- □ After some success of NODAL at SPS/CERN
- **☐ Needs for more general software tools**
- NODAL was chosen at TRISTAN
- SLC/SLAC used Micros + VMS
- Standard model
  - □ Field-network + VME + Unix + X11
- Software sharing
  - □ Definition of a Class to represent whole accelerator
    - Which was impossible
- More common control system with extended API
  - □ncRPC/CERN, TACL/CEBAF, ACNET/Tevatron, etc
  - EPICS got popular maybe because of the selection at SSC, APS, CEBAF, BESSY, ...
- Then more object oriented software (naturally after RPC)
  - More computer aided development possible
  - □ CICERO/CERN, TANGO, CORBA+Java, CERN, ...
  - ™Windows/Microsoft, ...



Accelerator Controls

### No common controls yet

- Balance between many available technologies
- Object-oriented vs. Channel-oriented
  - Object-oriented technology
    - ™ More support benefits from software engineering
    - **□ Extendable, clearer definitions**
    - I Different people have different ideas on control objects

      □ Different people have different ideas on control objects

      □ Different people have different ideas on control objects
  - Channel-oriented technology
    - ☐ Flat (one-layer structure), simple, scalable
    - □ Not much support from software engineering
    - □ Easy to make gateways



#### More balances

- Compiled language vs. interpretive language
  - Two level languages

- □ Interpretive language for rapid prototyping
- ☐ Compiled language for established algorithms
- After too much success of NODAL
- Compiled languages programmed by expert
  - □ Documentation, maintenance, policy-driven
  - Manageable, then reliable
- Interpretive/scripting languages
  - □ Rapid development
    - Realization of novel ideas in hours
  - □ Everyone attends the construction of operation environment
  - □ Another level of management/maintenance required



#### More balances

- Best & aggressive vs. moderate & conservative
  - New technology is attractive
    - But can be a "fad"

- □ Can we justify the choice?
- For longer life-span, which is better?
  - □ Life of accelerator is often very long compared with
    - User facilities
    - Commercially available software/communication technologies
  - □ Operational performance continuously advances
- Accumulation of operation knowledge base
  - Stored mainly as software and database in the control system
    - ·Beam stabilization algorithms, hardware startup procedures, etc
- It is valuable treasure
  - □ There should be mechanism to keep such resources
    - With longer life-span



#### More balances

- International vs. de-facto standards
  - International organizations pursue ideal solutions
    - □ Sometimes they don't become de-facto standards
    - □ Selection of one of many standards is difficult
  - Watching the market

- TCP/IP network, Unix/Windows operating system, VME boxes
- Advantages of de-facto standards
  - Economical advantage to select products out of markets
  - □ Save man-power avoiding proprietary development
  - Solutions will be provided for the old standard in the next generation
  - □ As a whole, it is good for long life-span



## Available Technologies



### PLC

- Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC)
  - Rule-based algorithms can be well-adopted for simple controls
  - ❖IP network for the both controls and management were preferable
    - □ Especially at KEK/Linac which has a policy of IP only field network
  - ❖~150 PLCs at Linac since 1993, and also many at J-PARC
  - ❖Isolated/separated development becomes easy
    - **☐ Outsourcing oriented**
  - Equipment developer oriented
    - Many maintenance capabilities were implemented
  - **❖IEC61131-3 Standards** 
    - □ 5 languages, with emphasis on naming
    - Not so popular in Japan
    - **Effort** to make common development environment
    - **XML** representation of resources
    - □ Should be paid more attention
  - Redundancy

Available Technologies Modern Accelerator Controls



## Network with only IP/Ethernet

- ♦ The policy chosen when we upgrade Linac in 1993
  - ❖ Make network management simpler
    - ☐ Faster switches, routing, network-booting, etc.
  - Avoid Hardware failure and analysis effort with old field network
    - ☐ Home-grown field networks need much dedicated man-power
  - Cost for optical Ethernet went down at around 1995
    - □ Linac has high-power modulator stations, noise source
  - Nowadays many facilities have this policy with GbE
    - **J-PARC** controls basically followed this
  - More and more intelligent network devices
    - xex. Oscilloscopes with Windows/3GHz-Pentium built-in
    - □ Even EPICS IOC, MATLAB, or others can be embedded
  - Network components can be replaced one-by-one
  - Security consideration will be more and more important



#### **FPGA**

- Another "everywhere" after IP network
  - Digital circuit and software can be embedded in to one chip

    - ☐ Flexible and robust, wonderful platform for local controls
      - Sometime terrible source of bugs
  - Nano-second level timing
  - More and more gates, memory, pins, etc
  - More software support

Available Technologies Modern Accelerator Controls



### ATCA and $\mu$ TCA

- Advanced telecommunications computing architecture
  - Accommodate several 100ohm serial buses
  - ❖GbE or PCI-express, 10GbE, etc
  - Typically 14slots in 19" and 12-unit height
  - Shelf manager manages healthiness of the system
  - Many reliability improving facilities, redundancy, hot-swap, etc
- **♦**MicroTCA
  - More recently defined in 2006, based on AdvancedMC Mezzanine Card defined in ATCA
  - Begin to have many facilities from ATCA



### **EPICS**

- ♦ Now is a kind standard, but ...
- Object-oriented design support
  - Naming scheme, and/or design of new record
  - More software-engineering support favored
    - □ Several different efforts to provide better environment
      - \*Java IOC (M. Kraimer), Control system studio (M. Clausen), Data access (R. Lange)
- Security mechanisms
  - User, Host-based protection available
  - More security
    - □ Dynamic controls of security
    - **□ Access logging**
- Dynamic configuration of database
  - Dynamic creation / loading of records
  - Dynamic removal of records
    - Maybe some part of the codes can be shared with redundant-IOC project



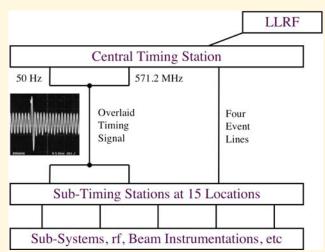
## Magnet Controls

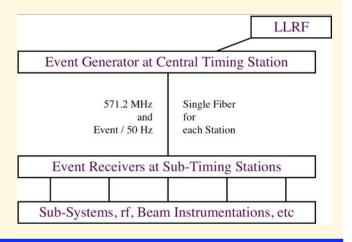
- It is typical controls and still many things to do
- Many magnets and many power supplies
  - **™** No one-to-one correspondence
  - Which hardware interface to use
- **♦**Procedures
  - Interlock status, on/off, analog with some precision, etc.
  - Energy, kick field current conversions
    - □ How to represent those conversion curves
       □
  - Timing synchronous operation
    - □ for tune change, orbit correction, etc.
  - Standardization



## Timing Event System

- Present Timing System
  - ❖Provides ~3pico-second Timings to ~150 Devices
  - Only 4 Events can be Distinguished
  - VME(x6) and CAMAC(x10)
- Diamond Event System
  - Single Fiber can Transfer Clock, Delayed-Timings, Events (256), Data Buffers (2k-bytes)
- **♦ New IOC** 
  - **❖MVME5500**
  - RTEMS (developed at BNL)
  - EPICS Driver/Device Support from SLS/Diamond/SLAC/LANL







# Reliability



### Reliability

- ◆The end user expect rigid reliable operations
- Inner layers need flexibilities
  - □ Because of daily improvement
  - Compromise between
    - □ Practical or ideal solutions
    - □ Aggressive and conservative
    - □ Under restrictions of
      - •Time, safety, budget, man-power
  - Here we think about adaptive reliability

hardware hardware Interface equipment controls beam controls linac ring accelerator physics beam delivery detector data acquisition computing physics, chemistry, medical treatment



#### Reliability Increase without much Cost

- ◆There should be "right way"
  - \*We hope to have it some day, but for now we need interims
- Surveillance for everything
  - Well-arranged system does not need this, but...
- Testing framework
  - \*Hardware/Middleware tests just before Beam
  - Software tests when installed
- Redundancy
  - In Many Hardware/Software components
  - Of course some of them are Expensive, but...



## Surveillance for everything

- We have written too many pieces of software
  - \*which assume certain circumstances unfortunately
    - □ which will fail some day
  - in scripting languages too rapidly and too easily
- We manage too many computers
  - If only one, I'm almost sure I can make it stable
    - □ But in reality even hostname can be mis-labeled
- We installed too many network components
  - without good network database etc
    - which sometimes has bad routing information, etc



### Surveillance for everything

#### If certain installation of (software/hardware) was not ideal

- Find out
  - □ What is the most important feature of the installation?
- Routine test is carried automatically
  - □ by cron or continuous scripts
  - If an anomaly found,
    - Alarm, e-Mail to the author, make error log
    - Restart related software, if not critical
    - Report to the human operator, if critical
- Not ideal, but effective under limited human resources



### Software Testing

- Moving operating environment
  - For better resource performance
  - May lead to malfunctions
    - □ We knew they may happen
- ◆Automatic software (hardware) tests preferable
  - Under new environment (machine, compiler, network, etc)
    - Many kinds of important free software does them
    - □ Language systems, Linux Test Project
- We do some tests
  - But sometimes not enough
  - More thoroughly prepared tests needed



## **Testing Framework**

#### When we introduce new environment

- Unit test
  - □ We don't do it much yet
  - □ EPICS began to have it, "make runtests"
    - Collecting existent test cases
    - User can provide tests in Perl/Test framework
  - □ Hope to have for SAD and SADscripts
- Regression tests
  - □ We have something, but not thorough, not exhaustive
  - □ Difficult to collect cases
- Stress tests
  - ☐ We do it during operation (?)
  - □ We know computers rarely fail, but network/network-devices do
    - Find solution
    - Development of surveillances
    - Installation of failure-recovery or failover procedures



### **Testing Framework**

- When we start new run
  - ❖New software/hardware
    - **™**We test unit by unit
    - □ But not through operational tools prepared
  - Maintenance works
    - ™ We often forget to restore/initialize cables, switches, variables
    - □ Power-stop may bring another annoyance
- **♦**We need routine procedures which include
  - **□** Hardware tests
  - Name/ID matching
  - **□** Database tests
  - □ Software component tests

  - **❖Before beam operation**
  - \*We do it mostly by operator observations based on written procedures
  - CERN did some efforts



#### Redundancy

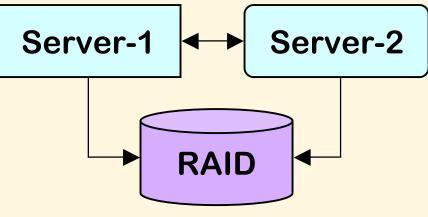
- Do we need redundancy?
  - Redundancy may be the last-resort measure
  - It may cost

    □
  - Centralized facilities are easier to manage
    - If I have only one server, my life is much easier
  - But they become complicated monsters
    - □ Nobody understand everything
- Especially useful for maintenance
  - Not only for failure-recovery
    - □ Redundant systems of complicated system; (complicated)<sup>2</sup>
- Anyway we may have to prepare backups
  - Then automatic failover is just around the corner
    - And ...



### File server redundancy

- RAID and Mirror-disks are used everywhere now
- We began to use Cluster software before KEKB
  - DECsafe, TruCluster for Unix
  - LifeKeeper, Redhat-AS, Rose-HA for Linux
  - NetApp
- It works at least for Hardware troubles; but sometimes for Software troubles
- Maintenance and Scheduling became easier

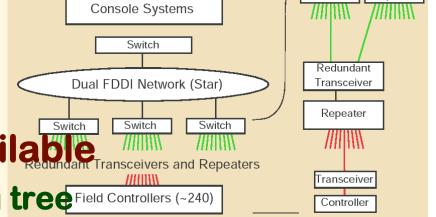


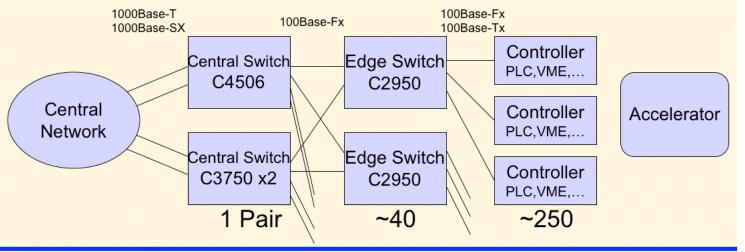
Repeater

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### Network Redundancy

- Mostly established technologies
  - Wide acceptance of Ethernet and IP
  - ♦> 10 years ago
    - **☐** Redundant Transceivers
  - \*More recently Standards available Transceivers and Repeaters
    - ☐ Hsrp or Vrrp and Rapid spanning tree Field Controllers (~240)





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#### Redundant PLC's

- CPU built-in redundancy is already used in several vendors
  - Dual main memory with checksum at every-cycle
  - ROM as well as flash memory
    - □ Bad circumstances at field forced them to implement it.
- We just started to evaluate redundant CPU's
- Redundant PLC's are used at CERN
  - Siemens S7, slightly expensive
- Several possibilities in architecture
  - Single vs. dual backplane
  - Power-supply, CPU, Network-interface
  - **∻**I/O (?)



#### Redundant EPICS IOC

- Redundant controllers are favorable
  - •as in PLCs
  - The project was started at DESY (M. Clausen)
    - □ Redundancy monitor task (RMT)
      - Monitors healthiness of controllers
      - Manages primary redundancy resource (PRR)
    - ☐ Continuous control executive (CCE)
      - Synchronizes internal states
    - Modifications for several others PRR's
      - Scan tasks, Channel access server tasks, Sequencer, Drivers
      - Possibly user tasks
  - KEK joined in for wider applications
    - □ Linux (OSI) port
    - ☐ Gateway applications
  - ATCA implementation possible
    - □ For ILC (?), microTCA (?)



#### Software redundancy

- EPICS IOC redundancy is slightly complicated
  - Since it has name resolution facility
  - More advanced
- Linac/KEK controls is simpler
  - Normally we run several middle-layer control servers
    - □ on separate machines
  - For EPICS gateway
    - □ We need redundant IOC technology
- Other existent servers
  - Recently more careful in redundancy
    - **□ Like dchpd**
    - □ Redundancy and replications



# Summary

#### **Phronesis**

- Aristotle's view of wisdom.
- Contrary to Sophia; the ability to understand the universal truth
- Phronesis is the ability to find a way to achieve an overall goodness

PAC 2007, Albuquerque, NM, US



#### Summary

- ◆EPICS and SAD made KEKB a great success, but other accelerators have different criteria
- Accelerator controls design needs a balance between many aspects
- There are many good technologies waiting to be utilized
- Also more reliability features needed
- Share more experiences
- Phronesis



# Thank you



